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HANDBOOK

OF THE

18-PR. Q.F. GUN.

LAND SERVICE.

1913.

(Reprinted, with Amendments, 1914.)



LONDON:

PRINTED UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF HIS MAJESTY'S STATIONERY OFFICE BY HARRISON AND SONS, 45-47, St. MARTIN'S LANE, W.C., PRINTERS IN ORDINARY TO HIS MAJESTY.

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N.B.—This book is corrected up to February, 1913. Any alterations which may be suggested should be forwarded direct to Chief Inspector, Royal Arsenal, Woolwich

AMENDMENTS TO Q.F. 13 AND 18-PR. HANDBOOKS.

Page 31.—Insert the following after line 2.

CARRIAGE.

(Plates VII to XI.)

To remove the hydraulic buffer and springs (gun in position), Plate VII:—

Note.—Care should be taken that no one is standing in front of the carriage while the operation is being carried out.

- 1. Place the gun at depression and remove the outer nut (E) securing buffer cylinder, which will allow the cylinder to bear against the outer spring case cap (A).
- 2. Attach the "Apparatus, adjusting running out springs," to the controlling plunger (M), and take up the tension on the running out springs.
- 3. Remove the piston rod nut (G), the outer spring case cap (A), and filling plug (L).
- 4. Unscrew gradually the actuating nut of the apparatus and the inner nut (F) securing buffer cylinder (C) as the springs are released, care being taken when removing the cylinder that the filling hole is kept upright to prevent loss of oil.

To replace the hydraulic buffer and springs:-

1. Slightly depress the gun. Replace the rear washer (R) at the end of the outer spring case with radius to the rear, and insert three of the outer springs, and parting plates (J), in correct order.

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- 2. Insert the inner spring case (B), with front washer (P) (radius to the front) and one outer spring in position.
- 3. Place an inner spring with the rear washer (T) in the inner spring case (radius to the rear), and insert two more inner springs with parting plates (K) in the correct position.
- 4. Place the front washer (S) (radius to the front), and the remaining inner spring on the buffer cylinder (C).
- 5. Attach the screw of the "Apparatus, running out springs," to the plunger (M).
- 6. Replace the cylinder, care being taken that the filling hole is at the top and that the inner nut (F) securing cylinder is passed on to the screw of the apparatus before the latter enters the lug of the gun. Replace the outer spring case cap (A) and piston rod nut (G) on piston rod (first seeing that the split pin (H) retaining stuffing-box stud, is placed in position and the point opened), care being taken to ensure that the featherway (a) in the cap engages the feather on the end of the piston rod (N).
- 7. Compress the springs, care being taken that the feathers on the end of the cylinder are in the correct position to enter the featherways in the lug of the gun, and that the inner nut (F) securing cylinder is correctly secured by screwing it up while compressing the springs.
- 8. Screw on the cap (A), remove the apparatus, replace the outer nut (E) securing cylinder, and the filling plug (L).

In removing and replacing the buffer cylinder, the gun must be kept at depression or properly secured.

Note.—If during firing it is found that the gun will not return to the firing position and remains practically at full recoil, then the inner spring case will have broken. In this case, special precautions will have to be taken when removing the buffer and springs, and are as follows:—

- 1. Place the gun at depression and run it back to a distance of about 43 ins. from the cradle, the breech being supported on the trail on skidding.
 - 2. The piston rod nut (G) should not be removed.
- 3. Secure a rope to the lug on the breech ring of the gun and man it towards the rear by four men. This will remove the pressure of the outer springs from the threads of the cap on the outer spring case. While the rope is manned, unscrew the cap (A), taking care to keep clear of the muzzle.
- 4. Ease up the pull on the check rope, and allow the gun to run up gradually; at the same time, the motion should be assisted by

relieving the weight of the gun at the rear. The outer springs will then have extended to their normal condition.

- 5. Remove the piston rod nut, cap, the front broken portion of inner spring case and one outer spring, care being taken not to bend the piston rod. Remove filling plug and the plunger controlling, so as to empty the buffer. Then push the piston rod back into position and replace control plunger.
- 6. The inner springs and the remaining outer springs can be removed by attaching the "Apparatus, adjusting springs," and the remaining operations are similar to those before detailed, except that when the inner nut is removed the initial compression of the inner springs will force the gun to the rear about 10 ins.—and a light drag rope should be used to prevent this.

To tighten, or renew the packing:-

If any leakage of oil takes place at the gland, the packing should be tightened; if this will not stop the leak, the packing must be renewed.

To tighten the packing (gun in position):--

- 1. Remove the piston rod nut (G), and outer spring case cap (A).
- 2. Screw up the gland (D) with the spanner (No. 121 for 13-pr., or No. 122 for 18-pr.). While in use the spanner must be kept against the face of the gland in order to disengage the retaining stud. The position of the gland after screwing up must permit of the retaining stud re-engaging with a slot in the gland.
- 3. Replace spring case cap and piston rod nut, taking care that the feather on the piston rod, and the featherway in the cap, are properly engaged.

To renew the packing ring in the stuffing-box (gun in position) :-

- 1. Empty the cylinder at the controlling plunger (M), and replace the plunger.
- 2. Unscrew the cap, leaving it on the piston rod, and draw it clear to the front. Then unscrew the gland and withdraw the outer ring supporting packing with the tools supplied, and replace the packing with fresh material, using the metal collar of the packing tools to assist the packing ring over the shoulder of the piston rod. Replace the supporting ring, gland and cap, and refill the buffer.

Note.—If the gun is not in position, the "Apparatus, adjusting running-out springs" must be attached to the control plunger before the cap is removed.

of the eccentric being to the front, and both in the same relative positions on the spindle, so as to engage the bearing on the cradle at the same time.

Pin, locking shield pawl.—It should be carefully noted that this pin is always in proper position when travelling.

Wheels, Nos. 43 and 45.—These wheels are fitted with dust caps, which can be removed with a No. 93 spanner; lateral play between end of pipe box and linch pin can be adjusted by means of an adjusting collar with slots, through which the linch pins pass; the slots vary in depth from '2 in. to '5 in., the difference in depth between each slot allows for a wear of '05 in.

A linch pin of a capped wheel with the adjusting collar can be used with any ordinary second class wheel, if required.

An ordinary second class linch pin and a second class "C" drag washer can be used on an emergency, with a capped wheel, if the cap be removed.

Sights.—Great care must be taken not to damage the sights when removing or replacing. The parts of the carriage to which the sights are attached must be absolutely clean and free from burrs.

Deflection screw and nut.—Should be kept free from grit and dirt and should be well greased, and if removed for any purpose care should be taken in replacing that the spring which is within the nut (the latter being in halves) is properly compressed before entering the screw. The spring fitted in the deflection nut to obviate backlash, may be found stronger than is necessary for its work, the result being stiffening and increased wear on the screw. The spring should require a weight of 5 to 7 lbs. to compress it to '9 in. The Armament Artificer will test the spring and shorten it if found necessary.

Adjusting bush.—Plate XI. To be kept clean and well oiled, and if removed for any purpose, steps should be taken to have the sight adjusted to the vertical plane of the gun.

Yard scale ring.—This should be kept clean and oiled, and if removed for any purpose, on replacing it should be set to the horizontal plane of the gun and sight.

Clinometer sight.—Should be kept oiled and free from grit and in perfect adjustment.

Capsquares.—To remove cradle capsquares for cleaning, &c., the carriage body must be traversed as far as it will go to the left to admit of the right capsquare key being removed, and to the right to remove the left key.

To remove the outer spring case from cradle :-

- 1. Dismount the gun.
- 2. Carefully remove the buffer, consisting of the cylinder, piston rod, inner and outer springs and inner spring case.
- 3. Remove the upper protectors (curved), fore sight, upper hand-wheel pinion spindle of the elevating gear and the indicator pinion of the range gear.

4. Unscrew the spring case (by means of a rope and a handspike, or other suitable appliance). Care must be taken when the first portion of the thread of the spring case is disengaged from the cradle, that the second (and third, with Mark I cases) portion of the thread is properly entered and not cross-threaded, also that the threads are clean and lubricated.

To replace the outer spring case :-

- 1. The converse of the above action takes place in re-assembling the spring case and buffer.
- 2. Before mounting the gun the "protector slide" on the front end of the cradle should be removed to prevent the leather portion of the protector forcing out the metal and breaking off the screws when sliding the gun home.
 - 3. After the gun is mounted, replace the "protector slide."

Replacement limits of running out springs.—The normal free length of each running out spring is as follows:—

Any one spring, inner or outer, found with a permanent set of $\mathbf{1}_4^1$ ins. or more below the normal free length of the spring, will be replaced.

LIMBER AND WAGON.

Lids, wagon limber.—In opening and closing the lids of this limber the centre lid must be opened first and closed last.

In order to prevent the wickerwork of the baskets from deterioration from wet (due to condensation) resulting possibly in damage to the ammunition, the lids of the limbers and wagons should be left open in dry weather daily to thoroughly dry the interior. Care is to be taken, however, that dust is excluded as far as practicable. Felt joints are to be kept in good order to exclude water from the interior of the boxes.

Amendments to Q.F., 13-pr., Handbook 1913.

Page 9.—Delete line 5 from bottom of page, and substitute the following under the heading of "Instructions for use of gauge."

Swing the breech screw and carrier into the loading position and remove the striker. Take out the main spring from the striker and reassemble the latter. Replace the striker (without main spring) in position in the breech mechanism, press in the "Catch, retaining, breech screw," and revolve the breech screw in the carrier until it is in the position it would be for firing if the breech were closed. Press the striker forward in the breech screw as far as it will go and apply the gauge to the front face of the breech screw.

If the protrusion of the firing pin is not between the limits of .09 in. to 0.11 in., as shown by the gauge, the firing pin will be

Amendments to Q.F., 18-pr., Handbook 1913.

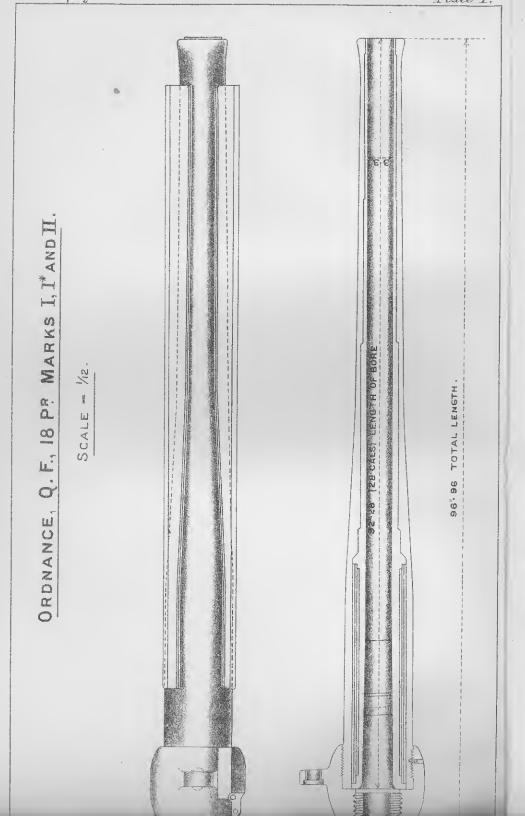
Page 10.—Delete line 5 from top of page and substitute the following under the heading of "Instructions for using the gauge":—

Swing the breech screw and carrier into the loading position and remove the striker. Take out the main spring from the striker and reassemble the latter. Replace the striker (without main spring) in position in the breech mechanism, press in the "Catch, retaining, breech screw," and revolve the breech screw in the carrier until it is in the position it would be for firing if the breech were closed.

Press the striker forward in the breech screw as far as it will go

and apply the gauge to the front face of the breech screw.

If the protrusion of the firing pin is not between the limits of '09 in. to 0'11 in., as shown by the gauge, the firing pin will be exchanged.



HANDBOOK

OF THE

18-PR. Q.F. GUN.

GUNS.

Material Weight (with breech fittings) Length, total Bore, { calibre length (to face of breech screw)	96.96 inches. 3.3 inches. 92.62 inches.					
system	Polygroove, modified plain					
Rifling Iength	80.232 inches.					
twist	80.232 inches. Uniform, 1 turn in 30 calibres.					
grooves, anumber depth	18.					
\grooves, \depth	'04 inch.					
width	·384 inch.					
Firing mechanism	Percussion.					

GUN BODY, MARK I.

(Plate I.)

The gun is made of steel, and consists of the "A" tube, a series of layers of steel wire, jacket, and breech ring. The "A" tube extends from the rear end of the chamber to the muzzle. Over a portion of the "A" tube are wound successive layers of steel wire. The jacket is fitted over the exterior of the wire and "A" tube, and is secured longitudinally by corresponding shoulders and the breech ring, which is screwed over the jacket at the rear, and secured by a set screw. The breech ring is prepared for the reception of the breech mechanism, and is provided on the upper side with a lug for the attachment of the hydraulic buffer. Longitudinal projections on each side of the jacket form guides for the gun when in the cradle of the carriage.

GUN BODY, MARK I*.

Mark I* guns are Mark I guns repaired by the renewal of the "A" tube.

The repair consists in fitting into the old jacket under hydraulic pressure, a new "A" tube with new wire winding. The exterior of

the "A" tube with its wire is slightly tapered, and the interior of the jacket is bored to correspond.

GUN BODY, MARK II.

(Plate I.)

Mark II guns differ from Mark I as follows :---

The exterior of the "A" tube is slightly conical, the interior of the jacket being coned in a corresponding manner to admit of the guns being built up by means of hydraulic pressure instead of by shrinkage.

GUN BODIES, MARKS I, I* AND II.

The chamber is slightly coned throughout its length, to facilitate the extraction of the cartridge.

A plane for clinometer is prepared on the upper surface of the

breech ring.

An axis line is cut at the breech on the right side. Vertical and horizontal lines are also cut on the muzzle face and horizontal lines on the breech face.

BREECH MECHANISM.

(Plate II.)

The guns are fitted with "Single Motion Breech Mechanism." The mechanism is so arranged that by one pull on a lever the breech is unlocked and the screw and carrier are swung into the loading position. After loading, one thrust on the same lever inserts the breech screw into the breech opening and turns it into the locked position.

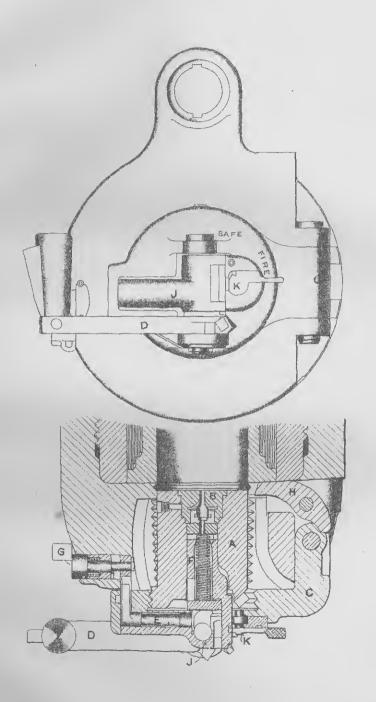
BREECH CLOSING MECHANISM.

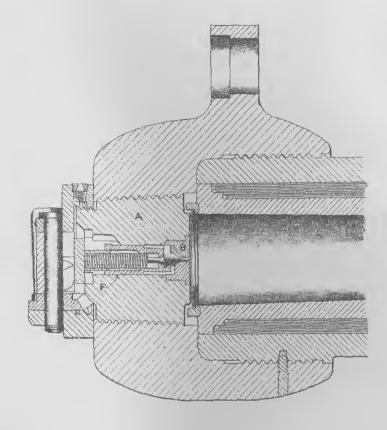
The breech is closed by a steel screw tapering towards the rear. Segments of the screw thread are removed from opposite sides of the screw, and the breech opening of the gun being prepared in a corresponding manner, admits of the screw being locked in the gun by the fourth of a turn.

The screw is provided on the rear end with left hand screw threads which engage with corresponding screw threads in the inner face of the carrier.

The carrier for supporting the breech screw, when withdrawn from the gun, consists of a steel arm hinged to the right side of the gun at the breech. It is prepared on the inner face for the reception of the breech screw, and on the outer face with a recess for the striker guide block and two lugs for the hinge bolt of the breech mechanism lever. A steel catch with spiral spring is fitted to the interior of the carrier and serves to retain the breech screw in the open position. The catch is automatically released in closing the breech.

Hinged to the rear face of the carrier is a breech mechanism lever, provided with bevel teeth which engage with corresponding teeth on the rear face of the breech screw, so arranged that when the lever is pulled to the right, the first movement of the lever unlocks the breech screw, and on continuing the motion, the screw and carrier are swung into the loading position.





ORDNANCE, Q.F. 18 PR.

GENERAL ARRANGEMENT OF BREECH MECHANISM.

SCALE = 1/4.

A. BREECH SCREW. F. STRIKER.

B. FIRING HOLE BUSH.

G. TRIGGER.

C. CARRIER.

H. EXTRACTOR.

D. BREECH MECHANISM LEVER. J. STRIKER GUIDE BLOCK.

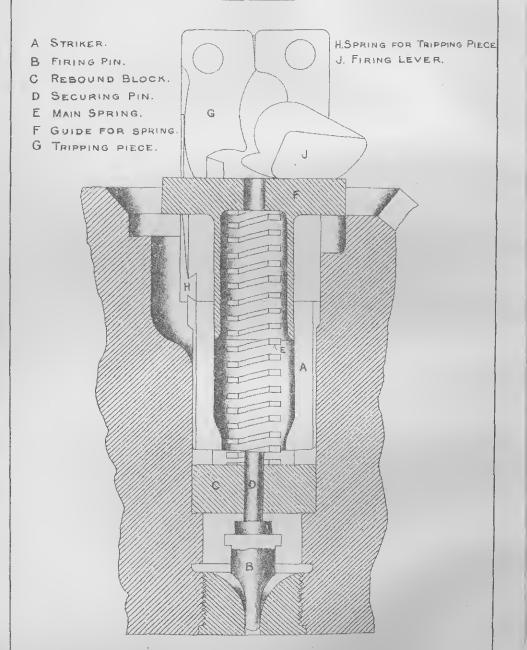
F. FIRING LEVER.

K. SAFETY CATCH.

ORDNANCE, Q. F 18 PR.

STRIKER.

SCALE=/



The breech mechanism lever is retained in the closed position by means of a catch with flat spring, pivoted in the lever, one end of which engages a recess in the lower lug on the rear face of the carrier.

FIRING MECHANISM. (Plate III.)

The firing mechanism is for percussion firing, and is so arranged that the gun cannot be fired before the breech screw is locked and the breech mechanism lever home.

It consists of a striker with firing pin, rebound block and securing pin, main spring, guide for spring, and tripping piece with flat spring and fixing screw, fitted through the centre of the breech screw and retained in position by the striker guide block on the carrier. A steel firing lever in the interior of the striker guide block, serves to cock the striker and fire the gun, one end of the lever engaging with the tripping piece and guide for spring, and the other end with the trigger in the left side of the gun when the breech is closed.

The trigger is actuated by a direct pull on the firing gear of the carriage, thus partially revolving the firing lever, by means of which the striker is forced to the rear, and the guide for spring to the front, compressing the main spring until the projecting toe on the inner end of the firing lever slips past the front end of the tripping piece in the striker guide block, when the striker is free to go forward with momentum due to the energy stored up in the compressed main spring, and detonates the percussion primer of the cartridge.

The firing lever is returned to the firing position by means of the

guide for spring.

The front end of the firing pin in the striker is withdrawn within the firing hole bush by means of a rebound block in the striker, which engages a recess in the breech screw for its reception.

A loop is provided on the lower part of the trigger for the attach-

ment of a firing lanyard if required.

A safety catch, with flat spring, is fitted to the striker guide block for retaining the striker in the uncocked position, thus admitting of the gun being travelled with a cartridge in the bore.

Note.—The hook of the firing lanyard is of special pattern, and must be attached to the loop on the trigger as shown on Plate IV.

Should a jam occur after firing, care must be taken to see that the striker is flush with the rear end of the striker guide block before force is used to open the breech. In cases where the striker is not flush with the guide block, withdraw the keep pin and hinge bolt of the breech mechanism lever and remove the lever, guide block, firing lever, and striker from the gun. Replace the breech mechanism lever and hinge bolt, and swing the breech screw and carrier into the loading position. Replace the striker, firing lever, and guide block.

EXTRACTOR.

The extractor is of steel, and is hinged to the right side of the gun. On the inner end are two arms which clip the rim of the cartridge, the outer end forming a lug, by means of which the extractor is automatically actuated in opening the breech.

PIN, FIRING, DUMMY, AND SCREW, BREECH, DUMMY.

The above-mentioned fittings are provided for drill and instructional purposes, and are intended to prevent wear to the service mechanism and breech opening of gun.

The dummy firing pin differs from the service pin in not having

the portion which projects through the firing hole bush.

The body of the dummy breech screw is of wood, having front and rear bronze plates, and a copper alloy ring with screw thread, which engages the screw threads in the breech opening of the gun. The rear plate is arranged to fit the carrier, and is provided with bevel teeth corresponding with those on the breech mechanism lever. The interior of the breech screw is recessed for the reception of the service striker with firing pin removed and dummy firing pin substituted. The interior of the front plate is fitted with an indiarubber pad to take the blow of the dummy firing pin when the trigger is pulled; this pad, when worn out, will not be replaced.

Dummy breech screws of latest manufacture have the outer face of the front bronze plate made similar in shape to the front end of the service breech screw, but slightly larger in diameter, so as to work the extractor in the gun. Such dummy breech screws are described as Mark II. Existing screws altered to conform to the

Mark II pattern are known as Mark I*.

In the case of Q.F. 18-pr. guns using Mark I dummy breech screws, if the drill cartridge case is not used for loading on account of grit, etc. getting on the breech screw, the extractor should be removed from the gun.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR REMOVING AND REPLACING BREECH FITTINGS.

TO REMOVE THE BREECH FITTINGS.

Before commencing to remove the fittings, the breech screw and carrier should be swung into the loading position.

Breech Mechanism Lever, Guide Block, Firing Lever, Striker and Firing Pin.

Remove the keep pin of the breech mechanism lever hinge bolt, and withdraw the hinge bolt, when the breech mechanism lever, guide block with firing lever, and striker can be removed. Slide the firing pin out of the striker.

Breech Screw and Retaining Catch.

Press in the catch retaining breech screw clear of the recess in the screw and unscrew the latter (to the right) from the carrier. Withdraw the retaining eatch with spiral spring.

Firing Hole Bushes, Marks I and II.

(This will only be carried out by an Armament Artificer.)

Unscrew the bush from the interior of the breech screw by means of the special wrench. In the case of Mark II bushes, care must be taken to first remove the fixing screw for the bush in the breech screw.

Carrier.

Remove the keep pin of the carrier hinge bolt, and withdraw the hinge bolt and carrier.

Extractor.

Remove the keep pin of the extractor hinge bolt, and withdraw the hinge bolt and extractor.

Trigger.

Remove the keep pin and withdraw "Part I" trigger with bush, collar, and spring from the left side, and "Part II" trigger to the rear.

Striker and Guide Block.

When removing the striker from, or inserting it into, the guide block, the safety eatch in the latter must always be in the firing position.

Striker, Main Spring, &c.

Press on the top of the spring guide so as to slightly compress the main spring, and at the same time tilt the upper end of the guide from the striker, and withdraw the guide and main spring. Slide the firing pin out of the groove in the front end of the striker. Remove the pin securing rebound block, and withdraw the latter.

Safety Catch, Gwide Block.

Place the safety catch in the firing position, and force it out of its recess in the guide block towards the centre of the block, and withdraw it.

TO REPLACE THE BREECH FITTINGS.

The fittings are replaced in the reverse order.

When inserting the breech screw in the carrier, care must be taken, before commencing to screw in, to hold the breech screw "square" against the face of the carrier with one of the threaded portions of the screw uppermost, the stamping on the screw being to the rear. Two and one quarter turns of the breech screw are required in screwing in, the retaining catch being pressed in clear of the recess in the screw during this operation.

When inserting the trigger, first correctly assemble the spring with the projecting ends in the holes for their reception in the "Part I" trigger and bush, then insert the collar on the trigger with the recessed portion innermost, and twist the bush on the trigger until the projection on it engages with the recess in the collar. Insert "Part I" trigger with bush, collar, and spring into the left side of the gun, and engage with "Part II" trigger inserted from the rear. Insert keep pin.

SEPARATE DEMANDABLE STORES.

DRIFT, No. 12.

The drift is of steel and is for use in removing keep pins from the mechanism.

GAUGE, STRIKER PROTRUSION, No. 1.

The gauge is of steel plate, and is for use in gauging the protrusion of firing pins or needles of strikers of Q.F. 6-in. to 12-pr. guns.

Instructions for Use of Gauge.

See "Regulations for Magazines and Care of War Matériel."

RIMER, BREECH SCREW, Q.F. 13 AND 18 PR.

The rimer is of steel, and consists of a cutter with holder, sleeve and guide block. It is for use in removing burns from the striker recess in the breech screw.

Instructions for Use of Rimer.

See "Regulations for Magazines and Care of War Matériel."

WRENCH, BREECH MECHANISM, No. 77.

The wrench is of steel, and is for use in removing or inserting the firing hole bush in the breech screw.

SIDE ARMS, &C.

Cleaner, piasaba, No. 7.—The cleaner consists of a piasaba brush fixed on the middle portion of a lanyard. A lead ball is attached by white line to one end of the lanyard so as to carry it through the bore of the gun.

Cleaner, wool, No. 1.—The wool cleaner is generally similar to the piasaba cleaner described above, from which it differs principally in having a wool sponge fixed in the middle portion of the lanyard instead of a brush.

Cover, breech.—The cover is made of waterproof canvas and formed to protect the breech mechanism of the gun, and the rocking bar sight; it is secured in position by lacing loops and quick release straps.

Cover, muzzle.—The cover is made of khaki-coloured waterproof canvas shaped to suit the muzzle of the gun; it is provided with a leather strap to secure it in position.

Lanyard, firing, No. 15.—The firing lanyard is made of tarred white line with steel hook on one end shaped to suit the trigger of Q.F. 18 and 13 pr. guns. A wood toggle is attached to the other end of the lanyard (see Plate IV).

CARE AND PRESERVATION OF GUN AND FITTINGS.

See also "Regulations for Magazines and Care of War Matériel."

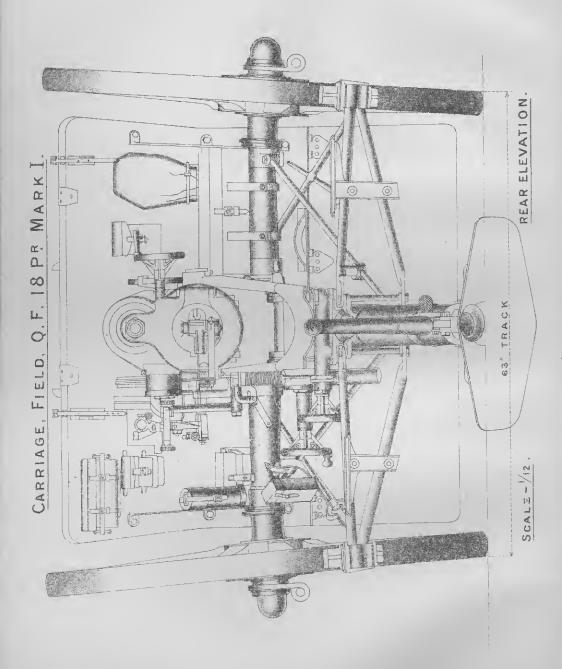
The breech fittings, and also the guides on the jacket by means of which the gun slides in the cradle of the carriage, should be kept clean and oiled or greased, and maintained in good working order; all working surfaces must be well lubricated, the fittings being taken off sometimes for this purpose, especially after firing.

Lubricating holes are prepared in the upper side of the carrier to admit of the rear end of the breech screw in the carrier being oiled.

5 0. Z O Z Œ. LANYAR

Plate IV

o i une punte in



The holes are closed against the ingress of dust by means of a brass plunger and spiral spring which must be pressed down by the spout of the oil can when lubricating.

The breech should be kept covered up, when possible, to prevent dust and grit from getting into the interstices of the breech fittings, which might impede their easy working. A waterproof canvas cover is provided for the purpose.

A gauge, testing clinometer plane and axis of bore is provided for

use of Inspecting Officers.

For description and use of gauge, see "Regulations for Army

Ordnance Services, Part II."

A "gauge, plug, bore, low limit," for provisional condemnation is provided for use of Inspecting Officers, to save time and to avoid un-

necessary measurements.

The gauge consists of a cast-iron cylinder having a handle formed at one end to facilitate insertion into the bore. A hole is made through the handle for the attachment of a line for pulling the gauge through the bore.

CARRIAGE, LIMBERS, WAGONS, &c.

Carriage, field, Q.F., 18-pr., Mark I.

(Plates V and VI.)

The carriage is constructed to allow of 16 degrees elevation and 5 degrees depression being given to the gun, which recoils axially in a cradle, the latter being fitted with a hydraulic buffer to limit the recoil to about 41 inches and running out springs to return the gun to the firing position. The carriage is also constructed so that the elevation of the gun can be altered without interfering with the line of sight. It is provided with a seat on each side of the trail for two of the gun detachment, and with a shield for the protection of the numbers serving the gun.

The carriage is fitted to carry various stores, see list of stores,

p. 39, and packing diagram, p. 45.

The principal parts of the carriage are:-

Trail.
Carriage body.

Cradle.

Hydraulic buffer. Running out springs.

Elevating gear. Range gear. Traversing gear.
Firing gear.
Brake gear.

Shield.

Axletree and wheels.

Sights.

TRAIL.

The trail is tubular, and is secured to the underside of the axletree by a bracket, which also forms a pivot for the carriage body. The rear end is fitted with a spade, lifting handles, trail eye, and a traversing lever, which latter can be folded down and held by a spring clip when not in use. The trail is further supported by a tensile stay on each side, one end of which is attached to the axletree by a bracket.

CARRIAGE BODY.

The body, which is attached to the trail, consists principally of two triangular-shaped frames connected by transoms, and provided with bearings, through which the axletree passes and by which it is pivoted for traversing.

CRADLE.

The cradle is of bronze, with steel trunnions to pivot it to the carriage body, the left trunnion being prolonged and threaded for the reception of a stud for supporting the rocking bar sight; it has an opening in the lower portion for the gun and in the upper portion for the spring case. Longitudinal recesses are cut in the inner surface of the lower portion for the reception of the guides on the jacket of the gun. A steel guard is fitted to the left side to protect the gun layer, and a notch and point are formed above the spring case for rough laying.

CLAMPING GEAR.

(Plates VIII and X.)

The gear is provided to clamp the cradle to the carriage body in the travelling position. A spindle with clutches and handle is fixed to the carriage body, so that when the rear of the cradle is depressed to its full extent, in elevating the gun, the clutches may be made to engage with semicircular shaped lugs formed on the underside of the cradle, and rigidly fix the cradle to the carriage. A stop is fitted to the carriage body to limit the travel of the handle of the clutch spindle in the clamped position. This gear also determines the point of maximum elevation. In the event of the clamping gear becoming jammed and difficult to release, it can be overcome by easing the lower elevating wheel by hand before unclamping.

HYDRAULIC BUFFER AND RUNNING OUT SPRINGS.

(Plate VII.)

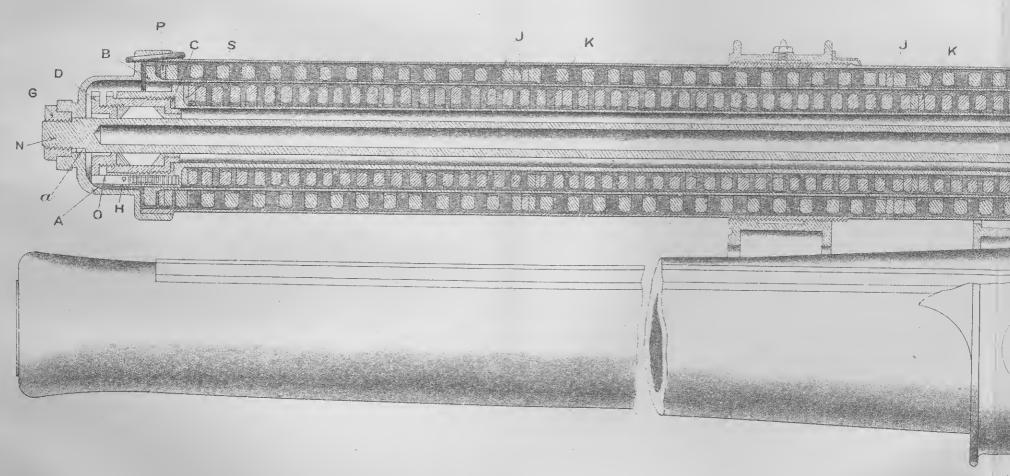
The hydraulic buffer, which is contained in the spring case in the upper portion of the cradle, consists of a cylinder, piston, piston rod, controlling plunger, and stuffing box with gland. The cylinder is closed at the rear by the controlling plunger and at the front by the stuffing box and gland, which are locked in the required position by a spring stud. The gun is attached to the cylinder and secured by two nuts. A number of longitudinal grooves of varying depth are formed on the inner surface of the cylinder, so that the space for the flow of the liquid between the piston and the cylinder varies during recoil; by this means an approximately constant pressure is maintained in the buffer throughout the stroke. The front end of the piston rod is fixed to the front of the spring case. The rear end is bored for the reception of the controlling plunger, which, by displacing the liquid inside the piston rod, brings the gun gently to rest when returning to the firing position.

A filling hole, closed by a plug with chain, is provided at the rear end of the cylinder.

CARRIAGE, FIELD, Q.I

SECTIONAL ELEVATION OF HYDRAULIC B

SCALE = 1/4

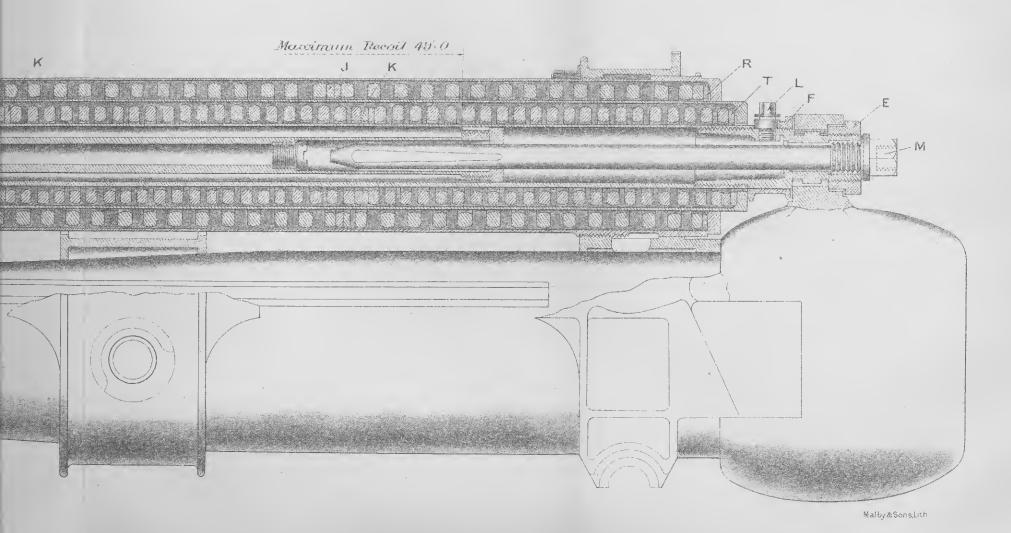


IELD, Q.F. 18 PR MARKI.

HYDRAULIC BUFFER AND SPRING CASE.

SCALE = 1/4.

J. PLATES PARTING, SPRINGS, OUTER
K. INNER.
L. PLUG, FILLING HOLE.
M. PLUNGER, CONTROLLING.
N. ROD, PISTON.
O. STUD, RETAINING, STUFFING BOX.
P.
R. WASHER, RUNNING OUT SPRING INNER FRONT.
T.



the carriage body slides. The working parts are protected from the ingress of dust, &c., by cotton packing packed round the outside of the link nut. The nut is linked to the carriage body, and by means of the hand wheel on the end of the screw, four degrees of traverse right or left can be obtained. A scale strip and pointer indicate the angle of traverse. The scale strip has black graduations on brass on the left, and white graduations on a black ground on the right side of zero. A strap, attached to the left tensile stay, is used to prevent the hand wheel from turning when travelling.

FIRING GEAR.

The firing gear is arranged so that the layer can fire the gun without altering his position when laying. It is attached to the left side of the cradle, and consists principally of a connecting rod, connecting arm, and a spring lever, which engages with the trigger of the gun. The connecting arm is pivoted to a fulcrum on the cradle at one end; the other end is connected to a spring lever by the connecting rod, which is provided with a handle for operating the gear. After firing, the handle is returned to the forward position by a spring attached to the lever and the guard protecting gun layer.

The gun can be fired when within 2 inches from the "run up"

position.

Brake Gear. (Plate X.)

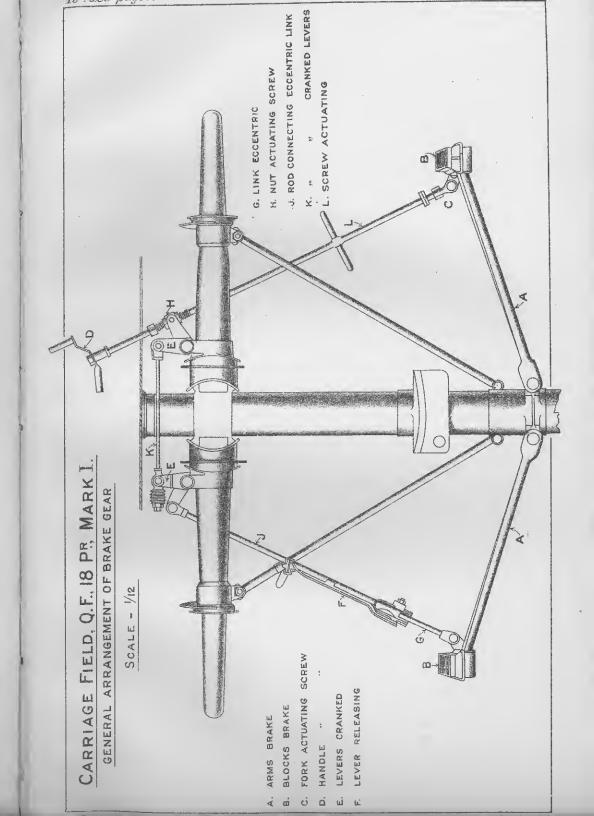
The tire brake can be used when travelling, or as a recoil brake. It consists principally of two brake arms, two cranked levers, connecting rods, and an actuating screw. The brake arms are pivoted at one end to a bracket on the trail, and provided at the other end with the service cast-iron brake block, which acts on the wheels. Each of the cranked levers is piveted to brackets on the axletree, one on each side of the carriage body; one arm of each lever is connected in front of the axletree by a connecting rod; the outer arm of the right hand lever is provided with a nut, through which the front end of the actuating serew passes, the other end being linked to the right brake arm. The outer arm of the left hand lever is connected to the left hand brake arm by a rod and eccentric link; a releasing lever, with an eccentric pivoted to the connecting rod and link, enables the brake to be quickly released when required. When travelling, the lever is secured by a quick release strap, and the connecting rod by a leather tie passed round it and the left tensile stay at the point of crossing.

The brake arms are actuated by the handle at the end, or by the

cross handle near the centre of the actuating screw.

SHIELD.

The shield is of steel, strengthened by wooden slats. It is in two parts, upper and lower. The upper portion is attached to the axletree by supporting brackets, and to the trail by a flange with bolts. The lower portion is hinged to the upper, and hangs vertically



when in action; for travelling, it is secured to the trail by a pawl, with a releasing lever and locking pin. Two straight edges on the top of the shield indicate the approximate field covered by the traversing gear, as seen by the number standing at the traversing lever.

Leather cases and fittings are provided for carrying on the shield and axletree a dial sight, field clinometer, sight clinometer, spare parts, fuze keys, shovel, aiming posts, breech and muzzle covers, oil can, fuze indicator, tool case and telescope. An advance loop is fitted to the centre of the shield.

The lifting jack will be applied from the front of the carriage

under the outer hinges of the shield.

AXLETREE AND WHEELS.

The axletree (2nd class, "C," No. 206) is a tubular steel forging; it is connected to the trail by three brackets, the outer brackets being recessed on the outer faces for the reception of an L-shaped leather ring, which is secured by a steel plate. The L-leather envelops the inner end of pipe box, and prevents the ingress of dirt, dust, &c. The outer end of each arm is fitted for a lineb pin and an adjusting collar, which has a number of recesses (through which the linch pin passes) cut in one face; the recesses are of varying depths, from '2 inch to '5 inch, increasing by '05 inch, so that any reduction in the length of the pipe box, due to wear, may be adjusted.

The wheels are 2nd class, "C," No. 45, 4 ft. 8 in. diameter, with steel nave, removable pipe box, and a 3-inch steel tire with rounded edges. The nave consists of two flanges of corrugated steel, which are connected by bolts. The inner flange is fitted with a steel ring to strengthen it, and the outer flange with a centring ring. The pipe box passes through the centre of the flanges, and is secured by a nut, which is prevented from working loose by a flat spring which is fixed to the pipe box and engages with one of a number of indents on the rim of the nut. A dust cap is screwed on the outer end of the pipe box; it encloses the adjusting collar, linch pin, and the end of the axletree arm. The inner face of the cap is recessed for the reception of a corresponding projecting ring on the nut, the cap being secured to the nut by a split keep pin. The pipe box is provided with a lubricating hole, which is closed with a ½-inch screw.

The drag washer is free to revolve round the nut, and is secured

by the dust cap.

On an emergency, a 2nd class, "C," No. 200 wheel may be used to replace a No. 45 wheel, in which case the adjusting collar and linear pin for capped wheels may be used, the linch pin being secured by a piece of wire or a leather lace. In place of the adjusting collar and linch pin, the ordinary 2nd class drag washer and linch pin can, if desired, be used.

When using No. 200 wheels which have not had the inner flange reduced in diameter, the dust excluder (leather with keep plate) must be first removed.

SIGHTING.

The carriage is fitted on the left side with a rocking bar sight with sight clinometer, and No. 4 sighting telescope. It is provided with a No. 1 dial sight or No. 7 dial sight and No. 2 carrier.

ROCKING BAR SIGHT.

(Plate XI.)

The rocking bar sight consists principally of a rocking bar and a sight bar. The rocking bar is pivoted horizontally at the front end to an arm on the left trunnion of the cradle. A bracket is riveted to the underside at the rear end to carry a sight clinometer. An open square socket is formed in the bracket for the reception of a similar shaped projection on the arc bracket of the range gear, by which the reciprocating motion of the elevating screw is conveyed to the bar. The rear end is provided with a crosshead with a traversing screw with milled heads, and a nut which enables 5 degrees of deflection right or left to be given to the sight bar. Degrees of deflection are marked on a scale plate, and minutes in multiples of 5 on a ring fixed to each of the milled heads of the traversing screw.

The sight bar is pivoted vertically about the centre to a socket with an adjustable bush in the rocking bar. The rear end of the bar is fixed to the traversing nut. The nut on the deflection screw is in two parts having a spring inserted to keep the halves apart; the object of this arrangement is to take up backlash in the deflection gear due to the wear of the screw. Two holders with caps secured by spring clamps are fitted to the bar to carry a "Telescope, sighting, No. 4." The rear holder is fitted with a notched leaf hind sight, and the front end of the bar with an adjustable acorn-pointed fore sight. A cap is provided for the protection of the sight. The rocking bar sight is removable, being attached to the trunnion arm by a securing key with a chain.

The permanent angle of deflection for drift is given by the axis of the trunnion cradle being inclined at an angle of 1½ degree, the left trunnion being the lower, so that as elevation is given, the gun muzzle moves to the left the necessary amount to correct for drift.

SIGHT CLINOMETER. (Plate XI.)

The sight clinometer is used to give the "angle of sight," and admits of 20 degrees elevation or 20 degrees depression. It is constructed so that it may readily be attached to the rocking bar sight. It consists principally of a cradle with a worm spindle, and a toothed arc with a spirit level. The cradle is fitted on the underside with spring clips for fixing it to the rocking bar, and with radial grooves on the top, in which the arc slides; the worm spindle passes through the centre of the cradle, and is supported at each end by movable bearings, one of which is pivoted to the cradle, and the other free to slide in grooves for a limited distance, so that the worm on the spindle may be readily disengaged from the teeth in the are when necessary for quick adjustment. The worm is kept up to its work by a flat spring with a bearing surface on its underside, and each end of the spindle is fitted with a micrometer collar marked to read minutes in multiples of 5. The arc consists of a toothed segment with a spirit level above; it slides in the grooves on the cradle, and the teeth engage with the worm on the spindle; an adjustable pointer is fitted below the level for reading the degrees of elevation and depression engraved on the cradle.

TELESCOPE SIGHTING, No. 4.

Particulars.

Magnification	 	 5½ diameters.
Field of view	 4 4 4	 $5\frac{1}{2}$ degrees.
Length over all	 	 17.25 inches.
Weight	 	 2 lb. 12 oz.

Mark I.—The telescope is of the ordinary erecting type, with an object glass and terrestrial eyepiece.

The body is fitted with two gunmetal collars, which accurately fit the bearings on the sight bar; the rear collar has a small projecting pin, which prevents the telescope from turning in the bearings

The eyepiece is fitted with a metal eye guard, and a diaphragm carrying a needle-shaped pointer is fixed at the focal length of the object glass. The eyepiece also carries an engraved ring numbered 0 to 7, which in conjunction with an arrow on the body, registers the turning movement of the eyepiece, 4 being the position for normal vision, so that individual layers may set their focus to the figure previously determined.

The object glass is fixed in the correct position for infinite focus, or, in other words, for all objects over 400 yards distant. It is protected by a ray shade.

Two caps, connected by a sling, are provided to protect each end of the telescope; the sling is attached to the body of the telescope by a small strap with buckles.

Mark II.—Mark II differs from Mark I in the diaphragm which carries the pointer being made adjustable, so that collimation may be carried out by moving the diaphragm, instead of by rotating the object glass in eccentric rings.

Mark III.—Mark III is generally similar to the Mark II, except that the dimensions differ slightly. Several parts are made interchangeable.

To focus the Telescope.

The telescope is issued with the object glass fixed at its point of infinite focus, and is then suitable for all distances over 400 yards; it therefore only remains to focus the pointer with the eyepiece. To do this, place the telescope in its bearings, fasten down the clips and direct the telescope on a well-defined object, preferably about 1,000 yards or more distant.

Screw the eyepiece in or out until the pointer stands out clearly; the object will then stand out clearly at the same time.

Care of Telescope.

See "Regulations for Magazine and Care of War Matériel."

DIAL SIGHT, No. 1, MARKS I* AND II.

The dial sight consists of a circular carrying plate with degree scale ring, a crosshead and pin, and a sight plate with pointer. The carrying plate is hinged at the centre to the crosshead, and the crosshead (8 11226)

is hinged transversely to the crosshead pin. This arrangement admits of an adjustment right and left to compensate for any difference that may occur in level of the wheels, and for elevation or depression being given to the plate and sight. The degree scale ring is fixed to the periphery of the carrying plate by screws; it is marked in degrees, 180 on each side of zero, the required angle being read by means of a pointer fixed to the rear end of the sight plate. Should it be found by examination that when the sight line and axis of the gun are parallel, 0 degrees is not indicated, the pointer is so formed as to admit of the required adjustment being made. The sight plate is pivoted to the centre of the carrying plate and jointed near its centre; the joint pin is provided with a thumb nut for clamping the plate in the extended or folded position; the plate is fitted with an acorn-pointed fore sight at the front end, and notched to form a hind sight at the rear end. A clamping screw is provided to fix the sight plate at the required angle. The sight is fixed to the bracket by the crosshead pin, which fits into a corresponding socket, and is secured by a keep pin.

SIGHT, DIAL, No. 7 AND CARRIER, No. 7 DIAL SIGHT, No. 2.

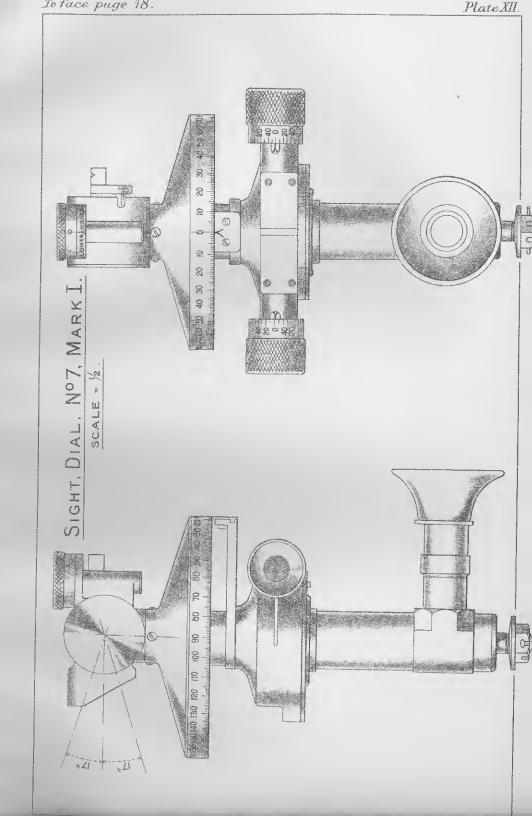
(Plate XII.)

The No. 7 dial sight is provided for indirect laying. Whilst the eyepiece is fixed, the top portion can be revolved in any direction and set to any angle that may be ordered. This angle will usually be that between the lines to the target and to an aiming point. The top of the sight is at a higher level than the layer's eye, so that an aiming point in any direction can be seen, and the layer can always lay the gun from his position behind the shield.

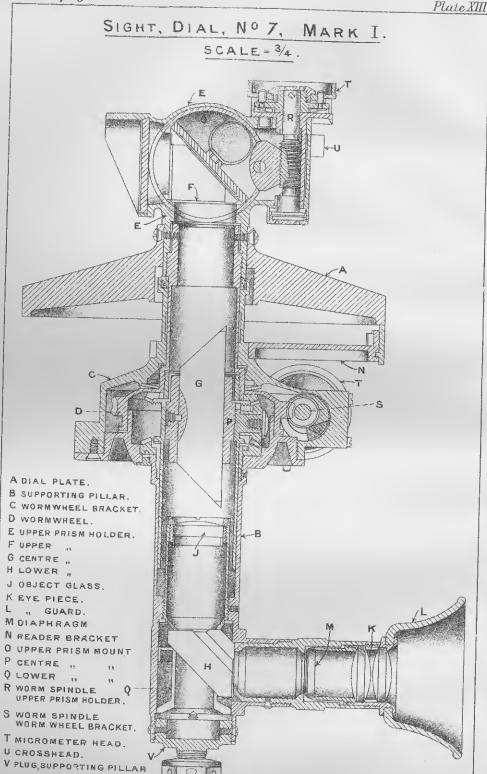
There is an arrangement at the top of the sight by means of which the line of sight through the top prism can be elevated or depressed. The necessary magnification is given by an object glass and eyepiece.

When using the sight whole degrees must be put on to the main scale and minutes on the micrometer head of the deflection or lower scale. After making use of the quick release for setting the main scale, the micrometer head must be turned through several degrees (to ensure that the worm and rack are properly engaged) before making the final adjustment.

The No. 2 carrier consists of a steel bar which can be clamped into a fitting on the cradle. The upper portion is shaped to take the dial sight. It is also fitted with an arrangement for giving deflection up to 10 degrees right or left. This consists of an upper and lower bracket. The upper bracket is connected to the dial sight by means of four screws and a feather; fitted through it is a worm with a minute micrometer head at each end, readers for which are fitted on the bracket. Along one face is fixed the deflection degree scale. The lower bracket has worm teeth cut on it into which the worm gears. There is also a reader for the deflection degree scale attached to it. Right deflection is indicated by white graduations on a black background.







SIGHT, DIAL, No. 7. (Plate XIII.)

Mark I.—The principal particulars of the sight are as follows:— Magnification 4 diameters. Field of View 10 degrees. Horizontal rotation of reflecting prism... 360 degrees.

The optical combination is of an erecting type, comprising an object glass and eyepiece with erecting and reflecting prisms.

The dial sight consists principally of supporting pillar, upper, centre and lower prisms, worm wheel bracket, worm wheel, dial plate,

and upper prism holder.

The supporting pillar is tubular, L-shaped, and is arranged to fit the No. 2 carrier on the carriage. The horizontal portion of the pillar is furnished with an eyepiece and a glass diaphragm having cross lines. A window is provided to admit light to the cross lines, and a dermatine eyeguard to keep out the extraneous light from the gun layer's eye and to protect him when firing. The upper end of the pillar is prepared with a flange for the reception of the worm wheel and worm wheel bracket.

A steel plug is screwed into the lower end of the supporting pillar, and is provided with a stud with nut and keep pin, the spring washer in the No. 2 carrier pressing against the top of the nut.

In order to keep the image always erect, the centre prism is made to revolve at half the speed of the top prism. This is effected by

internal bevel gearing.

To the top of the pillar is attached a worm wheel bracket. A worm spindle in this bracket engages with the worm wheel. At either end of this worm spindle is a drum graduated in divisions of ten minutes; each revolution of the drum represents five degrees. The drum on the right is marked in white figures on black; that on the left in black figures on brass. By moving these drums, minutes of angle can be added to the degrees shown on the scale of the . dial plate. The worm spindle is mounted on an eccentric bearing fitted with an actuating collar and thumb piece. When the thumb piece is moved upwards the worm is disengaged from the worm wheel, and the dial plate can be swung round. Fitted above the worm wheel bracket is a reader for the dial plate.

Attached to the worm wheel are the dial plate and a holder for the upper prism. The dial plate is graduated to read from 0 to 180 degrees "Right" and "Left." The markings for "Right" are white on a black ground; those for "Left" black on a brass ground. The upper prism holder is fitted with a window and rainshade. A crosshead with notch and foresight for rough laying is pivoted to the holder. The prism and crosshead admit of vertical adjustment to 15 degrees elevation and depression by means of a worm spindle with a micrometer head. The micrometer head has a graduated drum engraved in divisions of 10 minutes. Each revolution of the worm spindle indicates 5 degrees elevation or depression on the crosshead. Underneath the crosshead is a scale showing graduations of 5 degrees; this scale is read by means of an arrow on the holder. Indicating arrows and the words "Higher" and "Lower" on the worm spindle

(B 11226)

bearing, denote the direction in which the micrometer head should be turned for raising or depressing the line of sight, and act as a reader.

Mark II.—Dial sights differ from Mark I, described above, in the following particulars:—

The vertical scale graduations on the upper prism holder crosshead and micrometer head, except the zero and index marks, are omitted.

The worm wheel and worm spindle bearings are of manganese bronze or other non-corrodible metal instead of steel.

All springs and spring washers are nickel-plated.

A waterproof cover and holder to hold the No. 7 dial sight and No. 2 carrier is provided for carriage on the inside of the shield.

CARE AND PRESERVATION OF "SIGHT, DIAL, No. 7" AND "CARRIER No. 7 DIAL SIGHT, No. 2."

The dial sight when issued from Woolwich is in correct adjustment, watertight, and with all the cells and joints secured with fixing screws.

It is very unlikely that the interior will be required to be cleaned,

and the dial sight must on no account be taken to pieces.

The body of the dial sight must be cleaned with a clean soft cloth and a little oil, which must be rubbed off afterwards, care being

taken that the glass is not touched.

The exterior of eyelens and window should be cleaned with chamois leather, specially kept for the purpose, and only by a competent person. Great care must be taken that no oil or grease is allowed to touch the glasses. Fingers when apparently clean and dry may leave marks on the lens which will impair the definition of the telescope.

Owing to the construction of the carrier the deflection arrangements should be occasionally tested for backlash by laying on a well-defined object and traversing the sight from right and left alternately by means of the deflection screw until the vertical crossline is aligned. If the deflection scale does not read the same in both instances, the difference of reading indicates the backlash.

Backlash may be due to the small coned portion of the carrier which is removed when inserting the sight in its carrier having

become strained or not fitting properly.

To correct this, the removable portion of the coned surface of the carrier may perhaps be made to fit more perfectly by manipulating its fixing screws. If this fails, the coned surface of the removable portion should be slightly reduced with fine emery paper or a dead smooth file.

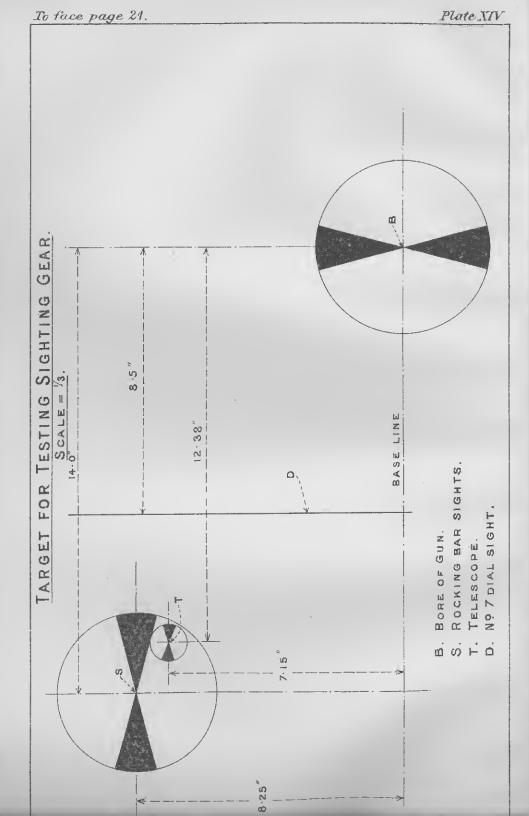
The No. 7 dial sight and No. 2 carrier will eventually supersede the No. 1 dial sight with Q.F. 18-pr. guns.

Instructions for Testing and Adjusting the Sights.

Any adjustments required to optical instruments must be carried out by an Armament Artificer.

TELESCOPE.

Mark I Telescope.—There is no internal adjustment provided for the Mark I telescope (except during manufacture); it is therefore less likely to get out of adjustment, and there are no small internal



screws to be manipulated. To obviate any small error left in the telescope during manufacture, the rear collar is provided with a pin to prevent the telescope being turned round in its bearings, and the small error is taken up by adjusting the fore sight.

MARKS II AND III TELESCOPE. COLLIMATION.

Test.—Place the telescope in its bearings. Lay the pointer on some well-defined object. Release the hinged caps. Remove telescope and replace it, but with its pin uppermost. The tip of the pointer should remain on exactly the same point.

Adjustment.—If, when the telescope has been turned, the tip of the pointer appears to have moved above the point layed on, unscrew the capstan-headed screw beneath the telescope (having previously unscrewed the metal cap covering the capstan-headed screws) and screw up the one above the telescope until the pointer is brought half-way towards the point layed on, then by depressing the sight, move the pointer exactly on to the point layed on. Repeat the process until the pointer moves neither above nor below the point layed on.

If the pointer appears to have moved below the point layed on,

reverse the above procedure.

Should the pointer move to either side of the object when the

telescope is reversed it may be corrected in a similar manner.

See that all the capstan-headed screws are home, and replace the metal protecting cap.

ALIGNMENT TESTS.

Before any of the following operations are carried out, the carriage should be placed on a firm platform, or on hard level ground, and manipulated until the gun is level transversely. If these arrangements cannot be conveniently made, the base line of the target (*Plate XIV*), if used, must be set parallel to the slope of the wheels.

(1) To ascertain if the line of sight of the open sights is parallel to

the axis of the telescope.

Select a clearly defined object, at least one mile away, to lay on. The telescope and open sights should agree. If not, correct as detailed below.

If a clearly defined object is not available, construct a target with three circles on it—B, T, and S (See Plate XIV)—each circle divided into black and white sectors, the centres of the circles being the points to lay on. Set the targets up at a distance of about 50 yards from the gun. Lay the telescope by means of the elevating and traversing handwheels on the left side of the trail on the point "T." The open sights should now be on point "S." If not, correct as follows:—

Loosen the fixing screw below the fore sight with the spanner provided for the purpose and screw the acorn of the sight up or down until the line of sight is on "S." Then tighten up the fixing screw. There is no adjustment for transverse error, and should any error exist the telescope should be taken as correct. This error is not important, and is not likely to be large.

(2) To ascertain whether vertical planes passing through the axis of

the telescope and the axis of the gun are parallel to one another.

Place the "Bush, testing sight, with cross wires" in the muzzle and remove the "Lever, breech mechanism." Set the sights at zero for elevation and deflection and lay through the bore on the distant point, or, alternatively, point "B." The telescope should now be aligned for direction on the distant point, or, alternatively, on the vertical line cutting the point "T." If not, correct as follows:—

Remove the keep pins and loosen the nut of the clamping pin, which passes through the pivot of the sight bar, and the nut below the pivot with the spanner provided for the purpose. Then, with the spanner, turn the adjusting bush in the pivot until the pointer of the telescope and the vertical axis of the crosswire in the gun are parallel. Tighten up the nut and clamping pin and replace the keep

(3) To ascertain whether the sight clinometer is in adjustment.

Set the "Sight clinometer" at zero. Place the "Bar, testing sights," on the open sights. Set a clinometer at zero on the "Bar, testing sights," and bring the bubble central by turning the elevating handwheel on the left side of the gun. The bubble of the "Sight clinometer" should now be at the centre of its run. If not, adjust as follows:—

Turn the worm spindle of the "Sight, clinometer" until the bubble is central, then, with spanner No. 244, loosen the screws securing the indicator plate, and slide the plate until the indicator reads zero. Carefully tighten the securing screws, making sure that the indicator is not again moved. Next observe the zero point of the micrometer collar at each end of the worm spindle, and if any error is apparent, loosen the securing nuts with the spanner (No. 244). turn each micrometer collar till its zero is correct, and re-tighten the nuts.

(4) To ascertain whether the range dial is in adjustment.

Place a clinometer set at zero on the muzzle end of the guide ribs, and bring the bubble central by turning the elevating handweel on the right side of the gun. If the range dial does not read zero range, remove the split pin on the end of the dial spindle and slack back the nut about four turns by means of a McMahon spanner until the ring is free. Then make the zero of the ring coincide with the pointer, and screw up the nut by hand. Before tightening it up, see that the bubble is still central.

It is essential that the sight line should remain horizontal during this operation. Care should therefore be taken not to touch the handwheel on the left side of the gun, and a clinometer should be placed on the bar testing sight to finally check that it is still horizontal.

By placing the clinometer on the guide ribs of the gun at the muzzle end and adjusting the range dial to agree, the "droop" of the gun is allowed for.

DIAL SIGHT No. 7 AND No. 2 CARRIER.

(a) Direction.

Test.—Lay the axis of the gun on the distant point, or point "B" of the target. Set the dial sight, deflection scale of the carrier, and

drum of the rocking bar sight at zero. Place the carrier with dial sight attached in its bracket on the elevating arc bracket and clamp at a convenient height. The vertical line in the dial sight should be on the distant point, or on a vertical line 8.5 ins. to the left of the point B on the target.

Adjustment.—If it is not, loosen the clamping nuts on the ends of worm spindle of the deflection scale of the carrier, turn the milled heads until the vertical line in the sight is laid on the correct point, and whilst preventing the milled heads from turning, revolve the adjustable drums with minute graduations until they read zero. Tighten up the clamping nuts. If the reader of the degree scale on the carrier is not at zero, loosen the two screws beneath it, and shift the reader plate to one side until it is so. Tighten up the two screws.

If sufficient adjustment cannot be given on the carrier, which allows of about 110 to either side, the remainder must be put on the dial sight in a similar manner. The micrometer drums are similar, and the reader plate can be moved to either side when the two screws in it are slackened.

(b) Elevation.

Test.—Lay the telescope sight on the distant point. (It is not satisfactory to test the elevation on the target, as, owing to the carrier being adjustable for height, no definite point can be marked on the target for laying on.) Set the vertical scale at the top of the dial sight at zero. The horizontal line in the telescope should be on the distant point.

Adjustment.—If it is not, turn the micrometer head on the top of the sight until the horizontal line is on the distant point, loosen the clamping cap on the top of it, and whilst preventing the milled heads from turning, revolve the adjustable drum with minute graduations until it reads zero. Tighten up the clamping cap. The reader of the degree scale cannot be adjusted. If it is much out it should be re-engraved.

INDICATOR, FUZE, MARK II. (Plate XV.)

The indicator consists of the following principal parts:—base

plate, slide, slide clamp, reader and stop screws.

The base plate is of delta metal about 34½ inches long, graduated on the upper portion with a yard scale, and on the lower with a corrector scale; it is grooved in the centre to receive the slide, which is graduated with a fuze scale.

The corrector scale is divided into divisions reading up to 200,

150 being the normal.

The slide can be clamped in any position desired by means of the clamp, which is attached to the base plate. The yard and fuze scales are read by the reader, which is free to move along the base plate, but it is prevented from coming off the base plate by stops. Attached to the reader is a small spring which can be manipulated by a screw for taking up any play in the reader due to wear.

Two indicators per sub-section will be carried, one on the shield of the carriage and one on an ammunition wagon at the rear.

LIMBER, Q.F. 18-PR., CARRIAGE, MARKS I AND II. (Plates XVI and XVII.)

The Mark I limber consists of a steel frame, a limber hook, a second class axletree, draught fittings, an ammunition box, and two field wheels.

The frame consists of four futchels, connected at the front end by a plate, and at the centre by stays. Platform and foot boards are fitted to the top, and draught hooks for the swingletrees to the front of the outer futchels. A steel limber hook, No. 31, is riveted to the rear end of the inner futchels.

The axletree, No. 208, is of weldless steel tube: it is fixed by flanges to the futchels. The linch pin and adjusting collar are

similar to those for the carriage.

The fittings for draught consist of a No. 17 Mark III pole, a No. 3 supporting bar, and two No. 11 swingletrees. The pole and bar are for use with the R.A. pole draught breast harness. The pole is 12 feet 41 inches in length over all; the front end is protected by steel wrapping plates; a U-shaped tug is passed through the pole from the underside and secured by a nut on the top. The tug forms a stop for the pole bar, and its position from the point of the pole may be varied from 14½ inches to 29½ inches, in distances of 3 inches, according to requirements. The pole bar is 3 feet 9½ inches in length, fitted at the centre with a circular loop, which is formed to pass over the front end of the pole and butt against the tug. Two links are fitted on each side of the loop, by means of which the bar is attached to the neck piece of the harness. The swingletrees are 2 feet 6 inches long.

The ammunition box is of steel, and opens at the rear; it is constructed to carry 24 rounds of "fixed" ammunition, is fitted with guard irons, Nos. 25 "near" and 26 "off," is secured to the frame by rivets, and supported by side connecting plates and gusset plates. Internally it is fitted with 24 tubular baskets secured by leather stops, or brass tubes fixed horizontally. A compartment is formed in the centre for two wood trays for small stores. The lid (the inside of which is covered with a leather pad to prevent the ingress of water) is hinged to the bottom of the box, and is provided with a shield plate of the same width, which hangs vertically below the lid when opened. The shield plate is hinged to the lid, and, when closed, the former is folded over the latter, which is secured by

catches on each side of the box.

Spring clips are attached to the front of the box for carrying two rifles, in canvas covers, secured in position by means of "quick

release" securing straps.

The limber is fitted on the underside with wire net receptacles for carrying canvas water buckets, with fittings to carry a 3-lb. grease tin, and two No. 3 lubricating cans (one for Rangoon and one for buffer oil); also various stores as shown in Packing Diagram A, page 45.

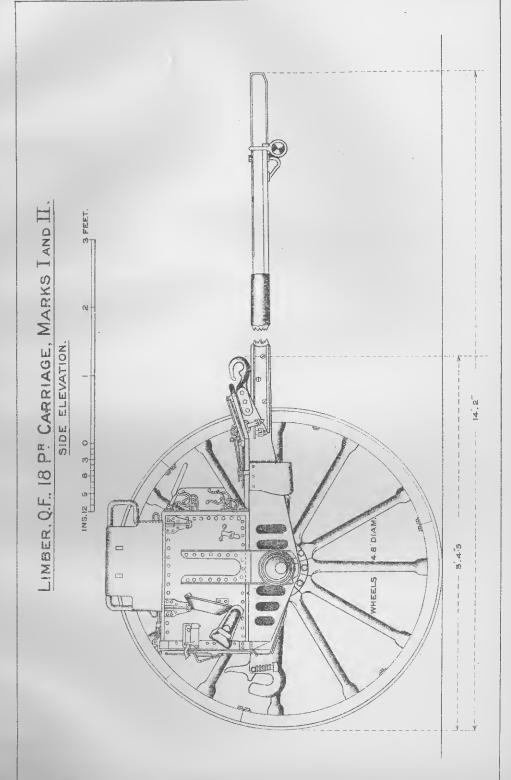
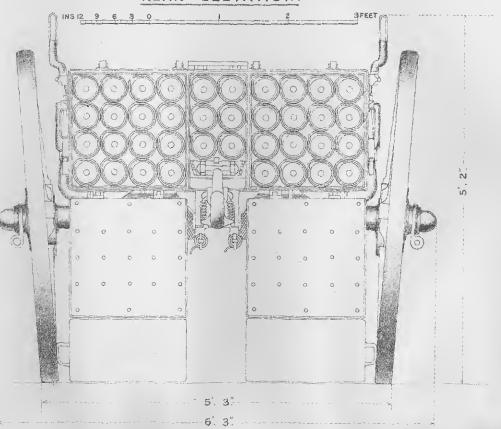


Plate XVI.

T WWW TEAT ANDI CARRIAGE, MARKS ELEVATION. REAR 8 P.R ы. О LIMBER

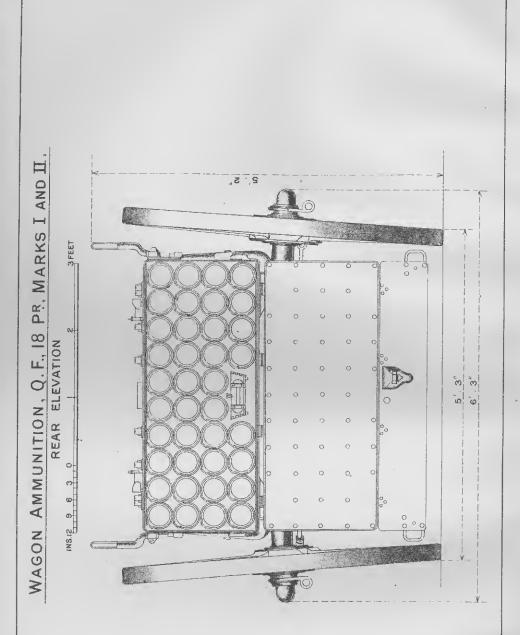
REAR ELEVATION.



face page 25.

Plate XI

Plate XXI



The Mark II limber differs from Mark I only in being fitted with tubular baskets instead of brass tubes for carrying the ammunition.

The wheels are the same as those described for the carriage.

25

Half the limbers per battery will be fitted with loops for kicking straps.

LIMBER, Q.F. 18-PR., WAGON, MARKS I AND II.

(Plates XVIII and XIX.)

The wagon limber differs from the carriage limber principally in the form and capacity of the ammunition box, which is constructed to carry 38 rounds, and one tray for small stores. It is provided at the rear with three lids, one on each side, and one in the centre. The side lids are fitted with shield plates, and hang below the limber frame, as in the carriage limber; the centre lid is hinged at its upper edge, and rests on the top of the box when open.

Wagon, Ammunition, Q.F. 18-pr., Marks I and II

(Plates XX and XXI.)

The Mark I wagon consists of a steel frame, a hollow box perch fitted with a perch eye, a steel ammunition box, a brake gear, a 2nd class axletree, and two field wheels.

The frame consists of two flanged sides connected by stays; platform and foot boards are fitted to the sides and perch in front, and a shelf is fitted under the platform board on each side of the perch to carry a 14-lb. grease box.

The perch, which is connected to the frame by the side stays and platform boards, is plugged at the front end with hard wood. It is fitted with locking plates and a No. 13 perch eye.

The ammunition box is the same as for the wagon limber, with a shield plate similar to that for the carriage limber. Fittings are also provided for the fuze indicator.

A tire brake is provided, which acts on the front of the wheels and is actuated from the rear by a hand wheel.

The wagon is fitted to carry a spare jointed pole and the various stores as shown in Packing Diagram B, page 46.

The axletree is 2nd class "C" No. 208. The wheels are similar

to those for the wagon limber.

The Mark II wagon differs from Mark I only in being fitted with tubular baskets instead of brass tubes for carrying the ammunition.

Note.—To facilitate the extraction of ammunition from the baskets the leather work of the basket should be kept soft by grease. The baskets will be tested periodically and if necessary, rectified by the insertion o a dummy round.

DIMENSIONS, &c.

		age and mber.	Ammunition Wagon and Limber.
Height { to axis of gun to line of telescope to line of sight to limber wagon and limber wagon and limber wagon and limber { carriage with gun carriage with gun with pole without pole with pole wagon wagon { with pole with pole with pole of with pole with pole (end of pole on ground) with pole (end of pole on ground) without pole without pole Greatest projection beyond track of wheels wheels { track theight Space required to turn in	6 13 14 5 6 e 9 27 18 7 5 4 9 29	ins. 0 86 8 01 9 11 8 75 9 - 3 8 2 4 5 11 4 5 9 6 3 8 0	ft. ins.
Angle of { lock	. 14 39 16	min. 0 18 30 0 0	deg. min. 64 0 - 35 30 -
	1 100	тетери пе	wagon.
Body and limber length between axletrees space required to turn in angle of lock		fr. 44 99 66 55 66 23 144 7	8 10 4 6 3 3 4 0 2 7 6 6 62° 32° ins.
$ \text{Wheels} \begin{cases} \text{height} & \dots & \dots \\ \text{track} & \text{body} & \dots & \dots \\ \text{limber} & \dots & \dots \\ \end{cases} $	• • •	5 5	3

AVERAGE WEIGHTS.

(Fully packed with ammunition and stores, but without men or personal equipment.)

·	144	4 14	W	eights.		
		1	ewt.	qr.	lb.	
Carriage with gun			25	0	21	
			15	i	0	
Limber { carriage	** **		19	0	0	
[with spare i	ininted pole		19	3	17	
Wagon, ammunition { with spare j	re jointed pole		19	ĭ	17	
Carriage and gun with limber	to Jointeer boto		40	î	21	
Wagon, ammuni- with spare joir			38	3	17	
tion, and limber without spare			38	ĭ	17	
f weight on fo	ora wheels		16	ō.	21	
Carriage and limber { weight on for weight on h	ind wheels		24	ĭ	0	
(weight on for	e wheels with		÷ ±	_		
	** **		20	2	5	
weight on hine	d wheels with	emara	20			
	** **		18	1	13	
	re wheels wit		10	_	~-	
	d pole		20	0	14	
	nd wheels wi					
spare jointed			18	1	3	
			_	_	24	
Weight on pole at carriage and	with 2 me					
tug 3rd hole limber	limber			1	4	
from front end wagon and (w	vithout men		-	_	20	
(limbered up) limber	vith 2 men on li	mher	_	1	-0	
Carriage-				_		
Pressure of trail on ground			1	0	8	
Pressure of trail on limber hook			-	3	4	
Wagon, ammunition-		**			_	
Pressure of perch f with spare jo	ointed nole		1	3	16	
on ground without spar			î	3	4	
Pressure of perch with spare jo			1	0	20	
on limber hook (without spar			1	0	0	
Wheel, 2nd Class "C" \ No. 43	9 · · · ·		1	2	10	
w neel, 2nd Class "C" { ,, 45			1	3	10	
(limber withou			6	Ī	0	
malankana man limber comple			8	2	13	
Telephone wagon limber comple body without	drums and sto	res	7	0	0	
body complete			9	1	0	

SEPARATE DEMANDABLE STORES.

APPARATUS, ADJUSTING RUNNING OUT SPRINGS, Q.F. 18-PR., MARK I.

The apparatus consists of a steel serew with locking nut, elip, and actuating nut with handle. The method of attaching the apparatus to the hydraulic buffer is as follows:—

(a) Insert the V-screw thread on the screw into the hole for its reception in the rear end of the controlling plunger as far as it will go (care being taken that the locking nut is screwed back against the collar on the screw), and tighten up the locking nut against the face of the plunger.
(b) Place the clip over the screw, and insert the two studs into corresponding holes in the rear of the spring case.
(c) Screw the actuating nut, with handle, against the rear end of the clip

the clip.

FUNNEL, FILLING HYDRAULIC BUFFER, MARK II.

The funnel, which is of leather, is for use in filling the cylinder of the hydraulic buffer.

SYRINGE, Q.F. 13 AND 18-PR., MARK I.

The syringe is for extracting liquid from the hydraulic buffer (see Care and Preservation in "Regulations for Magazines and Care of War Matériel"),

> Tools, Packing Gland, Q.F., 18-PR.— COLLAR, MARK I. PLUG, MARK I.

The collar and plug are for use in packing the stuffing box of the hydraulic buffer.

The collar is for assisting the asbestos packing ring over the

shoulder of the piston rod.

The plug is for removing the packing and supporting rings, and packing washers, from the stuffing box.

Tool, WITHDRAWING RING SUPPORTING PACKING, Q.F. 13 AND 18-PR., MARK I.

The tools are for withdrawing the outer ring supporting packing from the stuffing box of the hydraulic buffer.

WAGON, GENERAL SERVICE, MARKS IX TO X*.

The Mark IX wagon consists generally of the following parts:body, under carriages, seat, floating raves, brake, axletrees, and wheels. It is fitted with a 4-inch roller scotch, whip socket, and two grease boxes.

The body is separate from, but rests on, front and rear under carriages. Allowance is made on the front carriage for slight longitudinal motion, to ensure flexibility to the vehicle for rough travelling. The rear under carriage has two straight guides, which are continued slightly beyond the body.

A locker is formed on the front part of the wagon; the locker is bevelled off to allow the fore carriage to have a greater sweep, and thus minimise the space in which the wagon can turn.

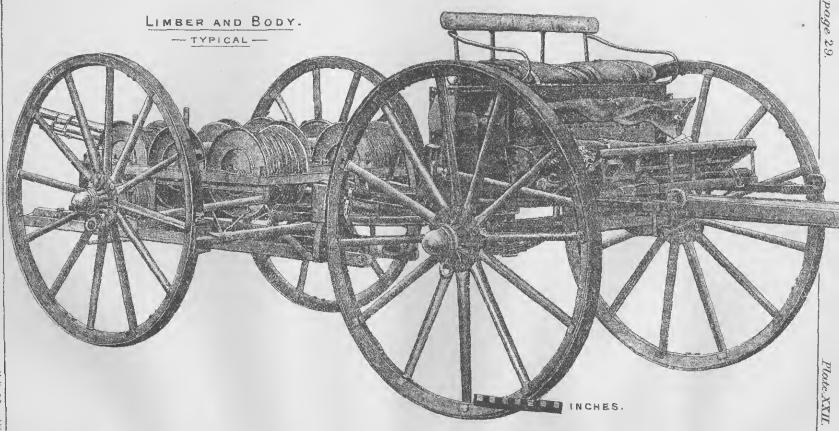
The wagon is fitted for pole draught, which consists of a No. 7A pole and two No. 10A or 11 swingletrees.

The splinter bar is strengthened by iron stays, which are formed with hooks at the front for the attachment of the swingletrees.

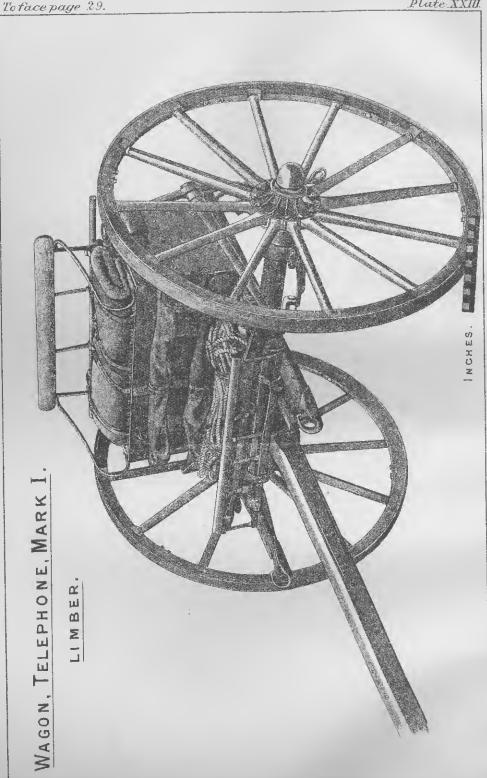
The driver's seat is supported on elliptical springs, to afford easy riding; the springs are fitted to a cross bar, with ends formed to fit over two wooden standards, and are kept from being too lively by two leather straps, the seat being fastened to the standards by keys.

The brake, which acts on the rear of the hind wheels, is applied from the driver's seat by a hand lever, or from the rear of the wagon by a handle operating a screw. The hand lever is connected by a tlexible wire rope on the offside of the wagon to a lever, secured to the guides of the rear under carriage, and fitting into a loop attached to the rear axletree bed. A brake screw is connected with this lever and a wooden cross bar, which carries the brake blocks, and which is

WAGON, TELEPHONE, MARK I.



Matby&Sons, Li



supported by brackets secured to the end of the guides. When the hand lever is pushed forward, the blocks are forced against the wheels. A rack retains the hand lever in position when the brake is applied, and a spring fixed behind the lever serves to ease the blocks off the wheels when the hand lever is released.

The fore axletree is 3rd Class "B," No. 174, and the hind, 2nd Class "C," No. 200. The wheels are 3rd Class "B," No. 159, and 2nd Class "C," No. 200, being 3 feet 9 inches and 4 feet 8 inches in

diameter, respectively, with 2½-inch tire.

The cover is made of waterproof canvas, and can be adjusted to suit varying heights of loads, having on the outside two rows of tabs with evelet holes, and on the under side, and the hem side, lines of white rope. Brass evelets are secured at intervals along the hem.

The cover is secured to fitments on the wagon by lashings, which should be passed through a row of eyelets on each side and on the

back, according to the height of load to be covered.

The side lines of white rope on the under side are for use in reefing the cover when small loads are carried in the wagon; the four on the hem are to keep the cover clear of the wheels.

The sides and rear of the cover not required should be rolled up and stowed away inside, the front portion being stowed behind the driver's seat on full and half-loads.

> Tonnage { for stipment 6.754 tons.
>
> Rectangular space occupied in boats 10.112 tons.
>
> Retangular space occupied in boats 12 ft. 8 ins. × 6 ft. 02 in. × 5 ft. 3 in.

Mark X is generally similar to Mark IX, but of rougher make, and

is fitted with a sweep bar. Weight, 15 cwt. 2 grs. 17 lbs.

Mark X* is the Mark X wagon provided with dust capped wheels and fittings, Nos. 200A (hind) and 159A (fore). Weight, 15 cwt. 3 grs. 12 lbs.

WAGON, TELEPHONE, MARK I. (Plates XXII and XXIII.)

The wagon consists of body and limber and is constructed to carry electric cable on drums, and other stores for field telephone operations, as shown in the diagram of packing, page 47.

BODY.

The body consists principally of a framework of steel plate with perch and axletree, mounted on two wheels and fitted with brake and winding gear. The framework consists of four futchels (two inner and two outer) held together by front and rear crossbars, the connecting stays being secured to the axletree by flanges. The two inner futchels are prolonged at the front to form a perch to which a perch eye is fitted. Locking plates are riveted to the inner futchels at the front. The operator's seat and footrest are fitted at the rear of the wagon on the near side. There are also two pole guard handles fixed at the rear.

The cable drums are of steel plate and are carried three on the near and three on the off side—the front and rear pair each carrying

one mile of D 3 electric cable.

Brakes for front drums are fitted, one on each side, to regulate the speed of the drums when travelling. They are of the screw pattern

and are actuated from the rear by a handwheel.

The winding gear is fitted to the near side of the wagon and consists of sprocket wheel and pinion and roller chain. The sprocket wheel is actuated by a pawl engaging into a bracket* secured to nave of near wheel. The driving strap is adjusted by means of a screw connected to the carrier and is actuated by a handwheel; by this arrangement of the gearing, the gear can be connected, or disconnected, with either the centre or rear drum on the near side. A drum must be in either of these positions to be operated by the gear. Each drum is interchangeable. When winding in the cable, if the speed of the drum is too fast, it can be regulated by slackening the band by means of the actuating handle, so that the band may slip slightly.

The axletree is 2nd Class "C," No. 194 and the wheels No. 198A. The brake gear is of the screw pattern actuated from the rear; the bar is of tubular steel suspended from the frame by steel links, attached to brackets which are riveted to the frame; the brake blocks are of cast iron.

Eight telegraph poles are carried on the centre portion of the frame, resting at the rear end on top of, and strapped to, the rear crossbar and passing under the front crossbar, the ends rest on a leather padded steel plate, to which the poles are also strapped.

A field telegraph ladder is carried under the body of the wagon

secured by straps.

LIMBER

The limber consists principally of a framework with axletree and springs, a box, and draught fittings mounted on two wheels.

The framework consists of four futchels (two inner and two outer) connected by plates; draught hooks are fixed to the front end of the outer futchels and a No. 32 limber hook to the frame at the rear.

The box is made of steel plate and is riveted to the frame. It is divided into compartments for carrying the portable telephones, electric cells and other stores. The top is fitted with a back rest and guard irons, which together form a seat.

The wheels and axletree are the same as for the body.

The draught fittings consist of a Mark III No. 17 pole, a Mark II No. 3 bar, supporting pole, and two No. 11 swingletrees.

For particulars of stores carried both inside and outside, see list of stores, pages 43 and 44, also packing diagram C. Strapping is provided both on the limber and wagon for securing those stores which are to be carried externally.

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS.

With a keyless limber hook, the limber is not prevented from turning over, when unhorsed, by a limber hook key; therefore, to prevent accidents, when a vehicle (having this form of limber hook) is limbered up, the pole must not be allowed to rise above the horizontal unless it is kept under proper control.

CARE AND PRESERVATION OF CARRIAGES, &c.

See "Regulations for Magazines and Care of War Matériel."

LIST OF LUBRICATING HOLES.

Fittings which are provided with oil holes for lubricating purposes.	No. of Holes.	Position of Holes.
CARRIAGE.		
Capsquares (2) each Carriage body—	1	
Bearings, axletree (2) ,,	1	In lubricating cup, 1 on each side
" clutch spindle (2) "	1	Inside carriage body, 1 on eac side.
Cap, lower bracket of elevating gear	2	In bearing portion for handwhee spindle on left side.
Cradle—	8	7 in sides for oiling sliding su
Body		faces, and 1 on left side at rea with tube for lubricatin handwheel spindle.
Bearing, pinion, spindle handwheel Gear brake—	i	On right side close to handwhee
(cranked levers (3), each	1	2 on left side and 1 on righ
Bolts, connect-{ eccentric link	1	close to shield. In head of bolt, right
ing,	1	side near brak
fork actuating screw	1	In head of bolt, left blocks.
Fork, actuating screw	. 1	On right side.
Link, eccentric	1	On left side.
Gear, elevating— Rod, connecting elevating screw	1	In lower end.
Gear, firing—		
Arm, connecting		In upper end, left side.
Rod, connecting		1 at each end, left side. On left side.
Bracket, connecting arc, range gear	î	In head of each bolt.
Bolts connecting brake arms (2) each Crosshead, traversing gear	1 1	In head of each porc.
Crosshead, traversing gear Lever, traversing	7	At jointed end of lever, near
Sight, rocking bar	1	plunger. For oiling arm trunnion suppor
Wheels, 2nd Class, "C," No. 45 (2) each	1	ing sight. In inner flange.
Wagon, Ammunition.		
Levers, cranked brake gear, $\begin{cases} \text{near} \\ \text{off} \end{cases}$	1	Rear of wagon.

Note.—In order to assist in identifying the position of the lubricating holes, the heads of the screws should be kept free from paint.

^{*} This bracket will be regarded as a component of the wagon and attached to the wheel as required so that the interchangeability of the wheel will not be affected.

AMMUNITION.

					GI.			Shell.										
Description.	Mark.	Cart	with	Cha	rge.		Bursting Charge.						Bursting Charge,		Nature of Fuze.	Total Weight of complete Round.	Means of Firing.	
				Nature. Weight,		Mark. Nature. W		and				8.11		8.110				
Cartridge Q.F. 18-pr.—Shrapnel	I	1b.	oz. 15	Cordite M.D. size 8.	lb. 1	oz. 615	I, II and III	R.F.G. ² , blank F.G. new, S.F.G. ² , or Q.F.F.G.	oz, drs. 2 8*	lb. oz. 18 8	T. & P., No. 80	1b. oz. 22 13 ¹⁵ / ₁₀						
Star	I	2†	15	Cordite M.D.	0	8	I	R.F.G. ³	0 31/4	10 3	Time, 15 secs., No. 25	13 104	Percussion (Primer, per-					
Blank, 1 lb., blank, L.G.	and	2†	15	Blank, L.G.	1	0	_	_	_		_		cassion Q.F. cartridges, No. 1).					
Blank, 7 oz., smoke- l e s s blank		2†	15	Smokeless blank.	0	7		_	. –	_		_						

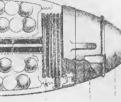
* Includes powder pellets, weight \(^3\) oz. \(^1\) A certain number of "light" cartridges have been issued, the cases of which weigh 2 lb. 5 oz. each.

CARTRIDGE Q.F. $\overline{\infty}$ Ω α. HRAPNEL.

SCALE = 1/3



REAR VIEW OF COVER.



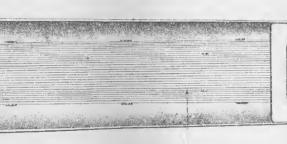
SOCKET.

FUZE, T&P, Nº80, MX IV.

TUBE

POWDER PELLE

0 2 4 - -

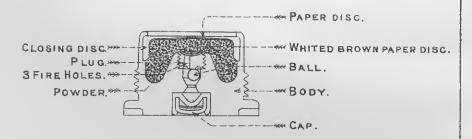


-- PRIMER.

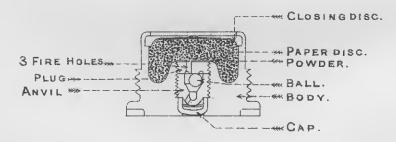
PRIMER, PERCUSSION, Q.F. CARTRIDGES, Nº 1.

SCALE = 1/1.

MARK I.



MARK II.



GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS FOR CARE AND PRESERVATION OF AMMUNITION.

The following points should receive special attention:—

- (a) Care must be taken not to injure the cartridge cases or fuze covers when withdrawing the rounds from the four round boxes or the vehicles.
- (b) The rounds should not be carried by the clip tapes nor rested on the fuze covers.
- (c) The rounds should on no account be stacked on their ends, but on their sides, and then not more than two tiers high.
- (d) In cases where fuze covers have become detached, the rounds will be returned to the Army Ordnance Department.
- (e) When necessary, the shell should be wiped over with boiled linseed oil, care being taken to avoid the fuze.
- (f) Primers, if found to be unscrewed, should be tightened up.
- (g) As the time pellet with detonator lies near the point of the fuze and is protected only by the aluminium cap, rounds should be so handled as to avoid all risk of the fuze being knocked.

Cartridge, Q.F., 18-pr., Shrapnel, Mark I. (Plate XXIV.)

The ammunition is fixed and a complete round consists of a cartridge case with percussion primer, charge, shrapnel shell, and fuze.

The case is of solid drawn brass, slightly tapered towards the mouth, and has a hole in the base screwed and recessed to take a percussion primer. The cases are black lacquered (formerly "dulled") so as to render them as inconspicuous as possible.

The *charge* consists of a 1 lb. $6\frac{15}{16}$ oz. bundle of cordite M.D. size 8, recessed at one end to fit over the primer and the boss of the case, the other end being in contact with the base of the shell.

The No. 1 Mark II percussion primer (Plate XXV) consists of a metal body, screwed externally for a portion of its length to fit the primer hole in the cartridge case. The interior is bored and recessed to take a cap which is secured by a screwed plug; this plug has an anvil at one end, the other end being bored out to form a sealing chamber, and contains a soft copper ball to seal the escape of gas after firing and relieve the pressure on the cap. The sealing chamber is closed by a perforated screwed plug.

The body is filled with R.F.G.2 powder, the mouth being closed

with a brass closing disc having six radial slits.

Two small recesses are formed in the flange of the head for the

primer key.

The Mark I* primer (Plate XXV) differs from Mark II in the head being recessed to receive a brass chamber containing a cap. This cap chamber forms the anvil and has three fire holes; it is connected with the gunpowder charge in the body by a channel which contains a soft copper ball in a coned seating, and which forms the sealing chamber.

The Mark III shrapnel shell has a steel body with a recess in the base to contain the tin cup for bursting charge. The head of the shell is struck with a radius of two diameters, and is fitted with a

(B 11226)

C

2-in. brass fuze socket. A brass tube containing perforated powder pellets conveys the flash of the fuze to the bursting charge, one end of the tube being fitted into the fuze socket, the other being screwed into a steel disc placed over the tin cup.

The shell contains 375 mixed metal bullets (41 per lb.) and is fitted

with a copper driving band in a groove having two waved ribs.

The shell is secured in the case by the edge of the latter being pressed into the groove of the driving band. The shells are painted

lead colour to distinguish them from the Mark I.

The Mark II shell differs from the Mark III in having a slightly narrower driving band. The shell is secured in the case by the latter being indented in four places into a cannelure turned on the shell, the cannelure being filled with Pettman's cement.

The Mark I shell differs from the Mark II in the radius of the head being $1\frac{1}{2}$ diameters. The walls of the shell are thinner in the lower part, and the lid of the tin cup containing the bursting charge

is also of a different shape. It contains 364 bullets.

Shell of early manufacture will take Mark I fuze covers only, but in later manufacture the fuze socket has been slightly modified, and such shell will take covers of later marks.

Mark I shell are painted black.

CARTRIDGE, Q.F., 18-PR., STAR SHELL, MARK I. (Supplied when specially ordered only.)

The complete round consists of a cartridge case with percussion primer, charge, paper cylinder, star shell and fuze.

The No. 1 Mark I* or II percussion primer described on page 33

will be used with this ammunition.

The charge consists of 8 oz. of cordite M.D. size $4\frac{1}{4}$ in a circular bundle, recessed at one end to fit over the boss inside the case and to permit of the insertion on the percussion primer. It is held in position in the case by the perforated paper cylinder with two perforated discs at each end, an unperforated disc being also secured to the end that comes in contact with the cordite charge.

The star shell has a steel body recessed in the base to receive a bursting charge of 3½ drams R.F.G.² powder contained in a shalloon

bag and threaded with quick match.

The head of the shell, which is fitted with a metal G.S. fuzehole socket, and a wood block, is attached to the body with 6 brass screws and 6 steel twisting pins.

A metal central tube, perforated with 12 fireholes, is screwed into a wrought iron diaphragm over the bursting charge and is fitted at

the top into the fuze socket.

The interior of the shell, which is "velvrilled" and lined with brown paper, contains 10 stars in tiers of 5. A perforated iron disc separates the tiers, and is supported by wood supports which are placed between the stars in each tier.

The faces of the disc are covered with felt washers, and a felt washer is placed between the top of the stars and the wood block in

the head.

The ribs of the groove for driving band are waved.

The "Fuze, time, 15 seconds, No. 25," will be used with this shell.

CARTRIDGE, Q.F., BLANK, 18-PR.

The Mark II blank cartridge consists of a service case and percussion primer with a charge of 1 lb. blank L.G. powder contained in a No. 1 class silk cloth bag, having three silk braid hoops and, together with a felt disc with lifting loop, enclosed in a felt jacket. The mouth of the cartridge is closed with a split paper ring and leather-board cup by means of the wood drift supplied for the purpose.

The Mark I blank cartridge differs from the Mark II in the bag having two hoops instead of three, and in having a shorter

and narrower lifting loop.

Cartridge, Q.F., Blank, 18-pr., Filled, 7-oz., Smokeless, Blank, Mark I.

This blank cartridge consists of a service case and percussion primer, with a charge of 7 oz. smokeless blank and about 4 oz. 5 drs. of matchwood shot. It is closed with a split paper ring and leather-board cup by means of the wood drift supplied for the purpose.

The empty cases for making up blank locally are issued 20' in a

"Box, cartridge cases Q.F. 18-pr."

Instructions for making up blank and smokeless blank cartridges with charges issued for the purpose, as may be necessary from time to time, will be found on the lid of the box in which the empty cases are received.

CARTRIDGE, DUMMY, Q.F., 18-PR.

This dummy cartridge is for use in practising fuze setting. It consists of an empty service shell body secured in a service case in the usual manner and further secured by a bolt, one end of which is fitted into the primer hole of the cartridge and the other end screwed into the base of the shell.

The shell is fitted with a 2-inch fuze hole socket closed at the

bottom, and is filled with a mixture of dust and lead ash.

The cartridge case contains a wood block which is recessed at one end to fit over the boss in the base. Four holes are bored in the side and three in the base of the case, for ready identification of the dummy cartridge.

CARTRIDGE, Q.F., 18-PR.—CASE DRILL.

The drill case consists of an empty service case with the mouth plugged with a hard wood disc about 1-in, thick, and of a diameter to ensure a good fit in the case. Six of these cases with a drill primer are allowed to Batteries for drill purposes generally.

The drill primer consists of a body of the same external shape as a service primer, but bored out to take a hard rubber plug which is held in position by a screwed plug. It is stamped "Drill" on the head.

FUZE, TIME AND PERCUSSION, No. 80. (Plate XXVI.)

The Mark IV fuze is made of aluminium, except where otherwise stated, and consists of the following principal parts:—Body with brass ring, top and bottom composition rings, two waterproofed cloth washers, cap with set screw, base plug, time and percussion arrange-

ments, and brass cover.

The lower portion of the body is screwed to receive a holder for the percussion arrangement, and the upper portion forms a stem containing the time detonator pellet and its stirrup spring. The shoulder or flange of the body is fitted with a brass ring, to the lower part of which the fuze cover is secured. The upper part of the brass ring is graduated from 0 to 22, each graduation being divided into 10 parts; a square notch is cut for the No. 17 Mark II fixing key, and a small cross to denote safety point. A recess is turned on the under side of the brass ring to fit over the nose of the shell, and is provided with a leather washer soaked in mineral jelly.

A pin is screwed into the lower time ring to form a projection by means of which the ring is set with the No. 18 setting key. A

setting mark is cut on the ring.

The upper time ring is prevented from turning by two pins. The cap is screwed on to the body over the upper time ring and

closes the fuze. It is secured in position by a set screw.

The base plug is screwed externally to fit the bottom of the body. The holder percussion arrangement carries the needles of both the time and percussion detonator. It is bored to receive the percussion detonator pellet, ferrule, stirrup spring, and spiral spring.

All the external joints, escape holes, &c., are waterproofed. The cover is of brass, and consists of a cap, ring, tearing off strip,

and strip securing ring.

The tearing off strip, having the brass ring attached at one end, is soldered round the cap, the brass ring being placed over the nose of the cap and held in position by the securing strip. The cap is soldered to the lower edge of the brass ring on the body of the fuze.

To remove the cover from the fuze, tear off the strip securing ring, then the tearing off strip, when the cap will fall off, leaving the fuze exposed.

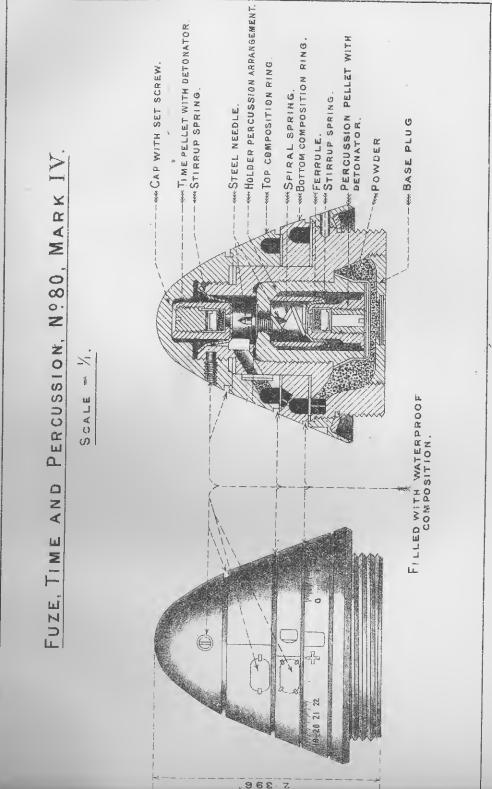
The fuze when set full should burn, at rest, for about 22 seconds. To set the fuze, turn the setting mark on the lower ring, by the

setting key, opposite the graduation required.

Action.—Time arrangement. On shock of discharge, the detonator pellet sets back on the needle, straightening the clips of the time stirrup spring, firing the detonating composition and so igniting the composition of the top ring, which in succession lights that in the lower ring, and so fires the fuze.

Percussion arrangement. On shock of discharge, the ferrule sets back over the detonator pellet, straightening the clips of the percussion stirrup spring; the whole is then set free to move forward on impact or graze, and after compressing the spiral spring, the detonator upon striking the needle ignites the composition, and so fires the magazine.

Weight of fuze $\dots 10\frac{1}{4}$ oz.



A tin cylinder to hold one fuze, if required, will be known as "Cylinder No. 80. F"; it is painted green and has yellow labels.

Some fuzes have been issued which bear no numeral, lot number, or date of manufacture, but are only marked on the cover with the design number (16603 A). They differ from the Mark IV in the shape of the brass ring and other minor details.

The Mark III fuze differs principally from the Mark IV in not having the brass ring round the flange of the body for the purpose of fitting the cap.

The Mark II fuze differs from the Mark III in not being waterproofed in its external joints. When existing Mark II fuzes have been waterproofed, they will be known as Mark II.*

Fuzes that have been refilled will have the letter "R" placed

after existing numeral.

Marks II and III fuzes are fitted with "Cover, fuze, time and percussion, No. 80, Mark II," which is of brass, and consists of the following parts:—Cap, a screwed ring with brass ring and tin band, and a washer.

The cap is shaped to fit over the fuze, and has a screw thread to

engage with the thread on the screwed ring.

The brass ring is shaped to fit the nose of the shell, and is attached

to the screwed ring by means of the tin band.

To remove the cover from the fuze, tear off the tin band, when the cap, together with the screwed ring, will fall off, leaving the fuze exposed.

Weight of cover $2\frac{1}{2}$ oz.

FUZE, TIME, 15 SECONDS, No. 25.

The Mark III fuze is made of aluminium, and consists of the following principal parts, viz.:—Body, time ring, cap, safety pin, detonator pellet with detonator, stirrup spring, needle plug, magazine, bottom plug, and leather washer.

The lower portion of the body contains the magazine channel and magazine, and the upper portion forms a stem and contains the detonator pellet with detonator, and the needle plug. The shoulder of the body has a black mark to coincide with an arrow on the time ring, when set at safety.

The time ring, which is graduated from 0 to 44, is fitted round

the exterior of the stem.

The cap fits over the time ring, on top of a steel spring washer, and closes the head of the fuze. It is secured, when in position, by a steel keep screw.

A copper safety pin, provided with a loop of red cord, passes

through the top eap and the detonator pellet.

The detonator pellet is suspended by the safety pin and a stirrup spring, which is kept in position by its two clips.

The magazine contains about 45 grains of R.F.G.² powder, and

is closed by means of the bottom plug.

The openings of the fuze are waterproofed to exclude damp.

Action.—On shock of discharge, the detonator pellet sets back, thereby straightening the clips of the stirrup spring, and being driven

on to the needle of the needle plug ignites the detonator, which fires the composition of the time ring, this burning till it reaches the magazine channel, thereby igniting the powder in the magazine.

Weight ... $5\frac{3}{4}$ oz.

Mark II differs from Mark III in not being waterproofed.

FUZE, DRILL, TIME AND PERCUSSION, No. 80.

The drill fuzes resemble, generally, the service fuzes which they represent, and in some cases burnt out service time and percussion fuzes are converted for the purpose. They are blacked all over with the exception of the flange of the body and a space on each of the composition rings, which are left bright. The lower time ring is fitted with a steel setting pin.

To facilitate identification the drill fuzes are stamped "DRILL."

on the cap.

CLIP, CARTRIDGE, Q.F. 18-PR., MARK I.

The clip is made of brass, cross-shaped so as to form four arms, the ends of which are turned in to form clips to engage with the rim of the cartridge case. One arm is painted red, and is slightly longer than the others, the clip portion being differently shaped, so as to spring over the rim of the cartridge. The other three arms are sand blasted and black lacquered. It has a canvas loop for withdrawing the cartridges from the baskets or tubes in the ammunition boxes of the limbers and wagons.

The clip protects the cap of the percussion primer, and in the case of vehicles fitted with the brass tubes, also serves to hold the cartridge

in the tube as follows:-

The cartridge (with its clip fixed) is inserted so that the red arm engages with the extended portion of the rim of the tube. When fully inserted, the clip is given part of a turn; thus bringing the end of the red arm inside the rim of the tube, and locking the eartridge in position.

CLIP, SAFETY, FUZE, TIME AND PERCUSSION, NO. 80, MARK I.

The clip is of steel, horseshoe shaped, and fits round the No. 80 time and percussion fuze, retaining it at "safety." The clip has a slot in it to fit over the setting pin, and a tongue-piece fitting into the fixing slot; the ends also have projections which fit under the edge of the body of the fuze.

KEY, No. 17, FIXING Nos. 80 AND 83 FUZES.

The Mark II key is of steel, one end being shaped to fit over the fuze; the lower edge of the ring portion is bevelled to suit all Marks of No. 80 fuzes without covers, and is provided with a projection to fit the square notch in the flange of the fuze body. The upper edge of the ring is provided with a slot to fit over the projection on the cover when screwing in Mark IV., No. 80 fuzes with cover.

The Mark I key differs from the Mark II in the upper edge not

being prepared for use with Mark IV fuzes with cover.

KEY, No. 18, SETTING Nos. 80 AND 83 FUZES.

The Mark I key is for use when the lower time ring is too stiff to set by hand. It is made of steel, and formed to engage with the pin projection of the lower time ring. It is provided with a loop of white line, 30 inches in length.

The Mark II key differs from the Mark I in the ring portion being

of greater depth, thereby taking a better seating on the fuze.

Total length of key ... 6.17 inches.

KEY, No. 27, PRIMER 13 AND 18 PR.

This key is for use in inserting or removing the percussion primer in the cartridge. It is made of steel, and formed to engage with the two recesses in the head of the primer. It is also fitted with a white line lanyard.

Total length of key 13·1 inches. , , , lanyard 43 ,,

LIST OF STORES.

CARRIAGE.

Axe, pick	Articles.	No.	Where carried.
Brush, breech screw Can, lubricating, No. 9 Carrier, No. 7, dial sight, No. 2 Case, keys, setting fuzet Case, Mark III field clinometer† Case, Mark III field clinometer† Case, sight elinometer† Case, spare parts† Case, spare sight clinometer Case, telescope† Case, telescope† Case, telescope† Cleaner, piasaba, No. 7 Cleaner, wool, No. 1 Clinometer, field, Mark III Clinometer, sight, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. Cover, dial, sight, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. Cover, breech Cover, muzzle, No. 1 Cover, eccentric, brake gear Drift, No. 12 Funnel, filling hydraulic buffer. Case, son left tensile stay In case, on shield. On crear of shield In case, on left tensile stay In case, on shield. On dial sight. On quan. When not in strapped to front of shie Con eccentric of brake gear. In leather case, on shield. In tool case, rear of shield. In tool case, A sub-section. In treel case rear of shield. In tool case, A sub-section. In treel case rear of shield.	Axe, pick	1	Under trail.
Carrier, No. 7, dial sight, No. 2. Case, keys, setting fuze†. Case, keys, setting fuze†. Case, keys, setting fuze†. Case, keys, setting fuze†. Case, sight clinometer†. Case, sight clinometer†. Case, spare parts† Case, spare sight clinometer Case, tools† Cleaner, piasaba, No. 7 Cleaner, piasaba, No. 7 Cleaner, piasaba, No. 7 Cleaner, field, Mark III Clinometer, field, Mark III Clinometer, sight, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. Cover, dial, sight, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. Cover, dial, sight, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. Cover, muzzle, No. 1 Cover, muzzle, No. 1 Cover, eccentric, brake gear Drift, No. 12 Funnel, filling hydraulic buffer. Sauge, striker, protrusion, No. 1 Lammer, claw, 20-oz. (or 24-oz.) implements, ammunition— Keys, No. 18 (setting fuze) Xey, removing jammed cartridges, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. Anyard, firing, No. 15	D1 3 1		
Carrier, No. 7, diał sight, No. 2. Case, koys, setting fuzet. Case, Mark III field clinometer† Case, sight clinometer† Case, spare parts† Case, spare sight clinometer Case, telescopet Case, telescopet Cleaner, piasaba, No. 7 Cleaner, piasaba, No. 7 Cleaner, wool, No. 1 Cover, dial, sight, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. Cover, dial, sight, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. Cover, muzzle, No. 1 Cover, cecentric, brake gear Crift, No. 12 Cunnel, filling hydraulic buffer. Fauge, striker, protrusion, No. 1 Lammer, claw, 20-oz. (or 24-oz.) uplements, ammunition— Keys, No. 18 (setting fuze) Key, removing jammed cartridges, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. Annyard, firing, No. 15			
Case, Mark III field clinometer† Case, sight clinometer† Case, spare parts† Case, spare sight clinometer Case, spare sight clinometer Case, telescope†		1	
Case, Mark III field clinometer† Case, sight clinometer† Case, spare parts† Case, spare sight clinometer Case, spare sight clinometer Case, telescope†			
Case, sight clinometer 1.			
Case, spare parts† Case, spare sight clinometer Case, telescope† Case, telescope† Case, tools† C	Case, sight clinometer		
Case, spare sight clinometer Ase, telescopet Ase, tools† Ase, tools† Aleaner, piasaba, No. 7 Aleaner, wool, No. 1 Alinometer, field, Mark III Alinometer, sight, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. Aleaner, black, and 18-pr. Allower, dial, sight, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. Allower, breech Allower, breech Allower, nuzzle, No. 1 Allower, eccentric, brake gear Arift, No. 12 Annel, filling hydraulic buffer. Alammer, claw, 20-oz. (or 24-oz.) Amplements, ammunition— Keys, No. 18 (setting fuze) And 18-pr. And 18-pr. All on axletree. An aubitree. An tubular trail. In tubular trail. In tubular trail. An tease, on left tensile stay. On axletree. An tubular trail. In trail. An case, on left tensile stay. On axletree. An tubular trail. In tase, on shield. In case, on shield. In tool case, rear of shield. In tool case, A sub-section. In tool case, A sub-section. In tool case, A sub-section.	Case, spare parts†		
Case, telescope† Case, tools† Cleaner, piasaba, No. 7	Case, spare sight clinometer	11	
Reaner, piasaba, No. 7	ase, telescope	4	
In tubular trail. On rear of shield. In case, on left tensile stay In case, on shield. In tool case, rear of shield. In case, on shield. In tool case, rear of shield. In case, on shield. In tool case, A sub-section. In tool case, A sub-section.	Case, toolst	1	On axletree.
Ileaner, wool, No. 1 Ilinometer, field, Mark III Ilinometer, sight, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. (spare) Ilinometer, sight, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr.	leaner, piasaba, No. 7	1	In tubular trail.
linometer, field, Mark III linometer, sight, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. { (spare) over, dial, sight, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr	Jeaner wool No 1		
linometer, sight, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. { (spare) 1		1*	
over, dial, sight, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr fover, breech over, muzzle, No. 1 over, eccentric, brake gear orift, No. 12 unnel, filling hydraulic buffer auge, striker, protrusion, No. 1 ammer, claw, 20-oz. (or 24-oz.) mplements, ammunition— Keys, No. 18 (setting fuze) ey, removing jammed cartridges, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr anyard, firing, No. 15 In dial sight. On dial sight. On gun. When not in strapped to front of shie on eccentric of brake gear In leather case, on shield. In tool case, rear of shield. In case, on shield. In tool case, A sub-section.		1†	
over, dial, sight, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr over, breech over, nuzzle, No. 1 over, eccentric, brake gear orift, No. 12 unnel, filling hydraulic buffer. auge, striker, protrusion, No. 1 lammer, claw, 20-oz. (or 24-oz.) mplements, ammunition Keys, No. 18 (setting fuze) ey, removing jammed cartridges, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. anyard, firing, No. 15 on gun. When not in strapped to front of shie On eccentric of brake gear In leather case, on shield. In tool case, rear of shield. In case, on shield. In tool case, A sub-section.			
over, breech over, muzzle, No. 1	over, dial, sight, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr.		
over, muzzle, No. 1 over, eccentric, brake gear irift, No. 12 unnel, filling hydraulic buffer. auge, striker, protrusion, No. 1 tammer, claw, 20-oz. (or 24-oz.) nplements, ammunition— Keys, No. 18 (setting fuze) ey, removing jammed cartridges, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. anyard, firing, No. 15 strapped to front of shie On eccentric of brake gear. In leather case, on shield. In tool case, rear of shield. In case, on shield. In tool case, A sub-section. In tool case, A sub-section.	over, breech		
over, eccentric, brake gear	over, muzzle, No. 1		
unnel, filling hydraulic buffer. auge, striker, protrusion, No. 1 ammer, claw, 20-oz. (or 24-oz.) mplements, ammunition— Keys, No. 18 (setting fuze) ey, removing jammed cartridges, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. anyard, firing, No. 15.	over, eccentric, brake gear	;	
unnel, filling hydraulic buffer. auge, striker, protrusion, No. 1 ammer, claw, 20-oz. (or 24-oz.) nplements, anmunition— Keys, No. 18 (setting fuze) ey, removing jammed cartridges, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. anyard, firing, No. 15	Prift, No. 12		
auge, striker, protrusion, No. 1	unnel, filling hydraulic buffer.		
ammer, claw, 20-oz. (or 24-oz.) nplements, ammunition— Keys, No. 18 (setting fuze) ey, removing jammed cartridges, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. anyard, firing, No. 15 In tool case, rear of shield. In case, on shield. In tool case, A sub-section.	auge, striker, protrusion, No. 1		
nplements, ammunition— Keys, No. 18 (setting fuze)	ammer, claw, 20-oz. (or 24-oz.)		
Keys, No. 18 (setting fuze)	inplements, ammunition -	-	In tool case, rear of shield.
ey, removing jammed cartridges, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr	Keys, No. 18 (setting fuze)	2	In ease on shield
any ard, firing, No. 15.	ey, removing jammed cartridges OF 18	2	III Case, OH BHIEIG.
anyard, firing, No. 15	and 18-pr.	1+	In tool gase A sub-contian
at the coor case, rear or smeld.	anyard, firing, No. 15		
n, Rangoon pts. 1 In lubricating can.			

^{*} Per section,

[†] Components of carriage.

Carriage—continued.

Articles.	No.	Where carried.
Ordnauce, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr.:— Catch, retaining, breech screw (spare) Pins, firing (spare) Springs (spare) Safety catch (spare) trigger (spare) Striker (spare) Striker (spare) Striker (spare) Striker (spare) Pliers, flat nose (spare) Posts, aiming (spare) Screw-driver, G.S., 4-in. Shovels, G.S. Sight, dial, No. 7. Spanner, McMahon, 15-in. (or adjustable 15-in.) Spanner, McMahon, 9-in. (or adjustable 11-in.) Spanner, No. 244† Spanner, hydraulic buffer, No. 122† Spanner, hydraulic buffer, No. 123† Spanner, hydraulic buffer, No. 129† Telescope, sighting No. 4 Tool, withdrawing split pins†	1 2 2 2 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	In leather case, on shield. In tool case, rear of shield. On front of shield. On front of shield. In leather case, on shield. Right tensile stay. On shield. In tool case, rear of shield.

* Per section.

† Components of carriage.

LIMBERS.

(Carriage and Ammunition Wagon.)

Articles.	Carriage.	Wagon.	Where carried.
felling, curved helve	1	_	On platform board.
Axes, { felling, curved helve Bar, supporting draught pole, No. 3		1	Under limber.
(spare)	1.		On platform board.
Blankets, G.S	2	2	On top of limber box.
Blankets, G.S	1	1	Under platform board, "near" side.
Breast piece	1	1	On platform board.
Brushes, water, carriage	1	1	Under platform board, "near" side.
Buckets, water, G.S., canvas	12	6	In wire net receptacles.
for Rangoon oil		1	Under platform board, "off"
Cans, lubricating, No. 3, { for Rangoon oil† for mineral oil†	î	1	∫ side.
Carrier, ammunition, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr.	1	1	
Cartridges, Q.F., 18-pr., shrapnel	24		In ammunition box.
Clips, cartridge, Q.F., 18-pr	24	38	
Cloths, sponge		5	Under tray, small stores.
Collars, adjusting, 2nd class, "C," capped			
wheels (spare)	TI	1*	Tray, small stores.
Covers, rifle	2	2	tion box.
f flat, 6-in	. 1	-	Tray, small stores, lower.
Files { smooth, { flat, 6-in. hand, safe edge, 6-in. second cut, half round, 6-in. }.	1	_	Tray, small stores, lower.
second cut, half round, 6-in.	. 1	0.000	
Grease, lubricating 1bs	. S	3	
Handle, file, small		_	Tray, small stores, lower.
Hooks, bill	1	1	Under platform board, "off" side.

* Per sub-section, † Components of limber. ‡ Lower tray.

LIMBERS-continued.

(Carriage and Ammunition Wagon.)

Articles.	Carriage.	Wagon.	Where carried.
mplements, ammunition—		1§	Under tray, small stores.
Holder, cartridge.	1†	1	Tray, small stores.
No. 17 (fixing fuze)		Ţ*	Tray, small stores.
Keys, { No. 17 (fixing fuze)	24	2	Tray, small stores.
No. 18 (setting fuze)	1+	1*	Tray, small stores.
Key, split, flat, 1" × 4" (spare)	1	I	On platform board.
Line Hambro	2	2	In cans, lubricating.
Dil, mineral (for buffers) pts.	11/2	$\frac{1}{1}$	In cans, lubricating.
Oil, Rangoon pts.	1	13	Tray, small stores, lower.
Pins, capsquare (spare)	1		7
$\left(\frac{1}{16} \text{ in.} \times 1\frac{1}{4} \text{ in.} \dots \right)$	1		
$\frac{3}{3}$ in, $\times 1\frac{1}{2}$ in,	3		
Pins, $\frac{5}{32}$ in. $\times 1\frac{3}{4}$ in. (spare)	2		Tray, small stores, upper
seen. 3 m. x 1 m	1		(in rectangular tin box).
plit, lin x 11 in (spare)	9		
- 8 m' × 14 m° ** (chare)	1	1	
$\frac{3}{16}$ in. $\times 1$ in. \cdots	1	-	Tray, small stores, lower.
t in. ×5 in.	т	_	Tray, Small Biores, 10 % Ci.
Pins, linch, 2nd class, "C," capped wheels	1+	1*	Tray, small stores.
(spare)		Τ.	
Pins, locking, shield pawl (sparc)	1	1*	Tray, small stores, lower.
Pins, draught, No. 3 (spare)	1†	T.	Tray, small stores.
Plugs, filling hole, hydraulic buffer, No. 12	0		Two mall ctores lower
(spare)	2		Tray, small stores, lower.
Primers, percussion, Q.F., cartridges, No. 1		4	Twent amall stares
(in tin box) (spare)	2	世	Tray, small stores.
Rings, packing, hydraulic buffer (spare)	2	_	Tray, small stores, upper
Panas Juan links CS major		1	each in round tin box. On platform board.
Ropes, drag, light, G.S pairs		1	Tray, small stores.
Screw-driver, G.S., 4-in.	_	1	Tray, Small Scores.
Screws, lubricating hole, boss-head, $\frac{5}{18}$ in.	6		Tray, small stores, upper (in
$\times \frac{1}{4}$ in (spare)			rectangular box).
Ć.		2	On platform board.
Shovels, G.S {	1	-	On side of box.
tenuing actab limbar and march hooks			On side of box.
Spring, catch, limber and perch hooks	1	}	Trart aniell stores unner
Springs dies No 62 (spare)	2		Tray, small stores, upper. Tray, small stores, lower.
Springs, disc, No. 62 (spare)	2		
Springs, firing gear (spare)	1		Tray, small stores, lower.
Springs, shield pawl (spare) Springs, sight clinometer (spiral) (spare)	1		Tray, small stores, lower.
Springs, sight clinometer (spiral) (spare)	1		Tray, small stores, upper (in
Springs transpaing loves	0		rectangular box).
Springs, traversing lever (spare)	2		Tray, small stores, upper.
Straps, supporting, $\begin{cases} \text{front} & (\text{spare}) \\ \text{rear} & \end{cases}$		2	On platform board.
	1	1	l J
Stud. retaining stuffing box bydraulic	2	2	On platform board.
Stud, retaining stuffing box, hydraulic buffer (spare)	1		(P)] -tono (
buffer (spare)	1	1	Tray, small stores, upper (in
Swingletree Nee 101 or 11	1	1 1	rectangular tin box).
Swingletree, Nos. 10A or 11 (spare)	1 10	1	On platform board.
Syringe, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr.	1 18		Under lower tray, small stores
	1		Tray, small stores, upper (in
Tools, packing gland, collar			round tin box).
Tools, packing gland, coflar	-		
Q.F., 18-pr. plug	1		Tray, small stores, lower.
Q.F., 18-nr.	1 2	-	

^{*} Per sub-section.

‡ When limbers are fitted with new pattern hooks.

[†] Lower tray, § Per section.

LIMBERS-continued. (Carriage and Ammunition Wagon.)

Articles.	Carriage.	Wagon.	Where carried.
Traces, saddlery pairs Tugs, trace (spare)	1 2	1 2	On platform board. On platform board.
Washers, drag, 2nd class, "C," capped wheels (spare)	1	1*	Under footboard, "near" side.
Washers, packing, hydraulic buffer sets (spare)	2	_	Tray, small stores, upper (in round tin box).
		1	

* Per sub-section,

A -------

Ammunition	VYAGO	NS
Articles.	No.	Where carried.
Apparatus, adjusting, running out springs, Q.F., 18-pr. Blankets, G.S. Box, lamp, siege, to hold 2 Boxes, grease, 14-lb. Bush, testing sighting, 3·3-in. Cartridges, Q.F., 18-pr., shrapnel Case, saw, hand §Catches, limber and perch hooks (spare) Clips, cartridge, Q.F., 18-pr. Covers, apparatus, adjusting, running out springs Grease, lubricating blb. Handspike, common, 6 feet blb. Limplements, ammunition— Keys, No. 18 (setting fuze) Indicator fuze, Q.F., 18-pr. Kettles, camp, oval, 12-quarts Lamps, siege blb. Lashing, tarred, 1 in, x 20 feet blb. Line, white, 1 lb. skeins Nut, actuating screw, brake gear (spare) Ordnance, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. Bush, firing hole spare) Pole, draught, No. 18 (spare) Rope, picketing, 66 feet saw, hand, 26-in. Spanner, No. 93 §Spring, catch, limber and perch hooks (spare) \$Spring, spiral (clock type), range gear, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. (spare) Spring, spiral (clock type), range gear, Q.F., 13 and 18-pr. (spare) Valise, horse shoe Valise, horse shoe Valises, tools (shoeing, wheelers, or saddlers)	1†† 2 1** 38 1** 38 1†† 28 1 2 1†† 1* 1* 1* 1* 1* 1* 1* 1* 1* 1* 1* 1* 1*	On platform board. On top of ammunition box. On footboard. Under platform board. In tray, small stores, A subsection. In ammunition box. Lid of ammunition box. In tray, small stores. On cartridges. On platform board. In boxes. Under perch. In tray, small stores. On top of ammunition box. Under wagon, as required. In box. Under wagon, as required. Under wagon, as required. Under tray, small stores. In tray, small stores. Front of ammunition box.

^{*} Per section.

‡ Per sub-section.

¶ Components of wagon.

** 1 per battery.

Note.—The spare pole is lashed in position as follows:—

Place the pole in position under the perch with the jointed (parts to the rear; care must be taken that the ends do not project to the rear so as to get in the way of the wagon body shield, and prevent it

being lowered.

Securely lash the pole by one of the lashings to the front end of the perch. This lashing should be passed round the pole through the pole tug. (The pole tug should be secured in the front tug hole of the pole.) With the second lashing, make fast one end to the iron loop supporting the pole, take a complete turn round each half of the pole and the loop separately, then pass the lashing twice round the ends of the pole and the loop, to prevent the pole working to the rear, and make fast.

WAGON, TELEPHONE.

Articles.	No.	Where carried.
Apron, basil, brown	1	Limber box, compartment C 1
Axe, felling, curved helve	1	Under footplate of limber.
Axe, pick $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Head, } 4\frac{1}{2}\text{-lb.} \\ \text{Helve, } 36\text{-inch, ferruled} \end{array} \right.$	$\left\{\begin{array}{c}1\\1\end{array}\right\}$	Near side, limber.
Bar, carrying drum, wagon, telephone	1	Top of limber box.
Bar, supporting draught pole, No. 3 (spare)	1	Platform board, limber.
Blocks, brake, field and transport (spare)	2	Limber box, compartment C 2
Bolts, link, chain, endless, wagon, telephone (spare) Bracket, pawl, winding gear, No. 198A	2*	Limber box, compartment D.
wheel (spare)	1	Limber box, compartment D.
Brush, water, carriage	1	Near side, limber.
Buckets, water, G.S., canvas	2	Platform board, limber.
Cable, electric, D 1 miles	支	On reels, cable, No. 2.
Cable, electric, D 3 miles	1	On drums.
Cable, electric, D 3 miles miles	1	Limber box, compartment E.
Jatch, drum spindle bearing, wagon,		
cable and telephone (spare)	1*	Limber box, compartment D.
Jells, electric, f	12	Limber box, compartment A.
inert, S., (spare) in box Clip, strap, winding gear, wagon,	12	22 27 22 22
telephone gear, wagon,	1*	Limber box, compartment D.
telephone (spare) Cloth, emery, No. F sheets	4	Limber box, compartment C:
Collar, adjusting, and Class "C" canned	-F	Limber box, comparement o
wheels (spare)	1	Limber box, compartment B
wheels (spare) Cordage, spun yarn, { I thread lbs. hemp, tarred 3 thread lbs.	20	Limber box, compartment D.
hemp, tarred [3 thread lbs.	5	,
Covers, short rine	2	Front of limber box.
Jalvanometer, detector—		
Q and I	1 1	Timber how commontment A
Case	1 }	Limber box, compartment A.

^{*} Packed in small wooden box, provided locally.

[†] For each ammunition wagou carrying a spare No. 18 pole. § When limbers are fitted with new pattern hooks. ¶ Sec footnote ||, page 46.
†† Per battery, carried in "A" sub-section.

On top.

aınmuni-

tion.

WAGON AND LIMBER.

LIMBER.

On platform board.

I pair drag ropes. 1 bar, supporting pole.* 2 straps, trace.

1 swingletree. 1 pair traces, saddlery,

1 breast piece.

2 straps, supporting front. l strap, supporting rear.

2 tugs, trace. 2 shovels.

I line hambro.

1 box, grease, 3 lb. } under.

38

1 oil can, No. 3 (mineral oil) under.

I water brush, under.

key, No. 18 (setting fuze).;

Fittings for 2 rifles on front of box.

round

Tray.

Holder,

cartridge.§

Sponge

cloths.

1 bilibook, under.

2 blankets. 1 carrier, 18 (3 No.

key,

3 canvas buckets, under.

3 canvas buckets, under.

1 pickaxe, under. I key, spring lock, in pocket.

Contents of tray.

WAGON.

I collar, adjusting wheels." I screw-driver. No. 17 (fixing fuze). No. 27* (primer). split, flat, 1 in. x 4 in.* keys { No. 18 (setting fuze). 4 primers, percussion, in tin box. pin, linch.* £ pin, draught, No. 3.*

under Valises. rope, picketing, 66 ft.

apparatus, adjusting,

running out springs,

and cover. †

1 box, grease, 14 lb., under.

2 lamps, siege (in box).

1 box, grease, 14 lb., under.

18 (setting fuze).‡ No. 93.* round s. 18 Tray. No. No. Line, key, white, 1 lb... skeins, 1.

I saw, hand, in case. I fuze indicator, on top. Camp kettles, under.

Contents of tray.

I bush, testing, sighting. ¶ 1 bush, firing hole.§ 2 keys, No. 18 (setting fuze).

I nut, actuating screw, brake gear. §

I eateh, limber and perch hooks.§ 1 spindle, catch, limber and perch hooks.§

l spring, I spring, spiral (clock type), range gear.

Valises :-

† Per battery, carried in "A" sub-section. When the guns are parked, the fuze keys should be placed in the tray of the ammunition box. Per section.

Horseshoe (saddlers No. 1 shoeing ntiers wheelers No. 1

I on one of the wagens

1 on each ammunition wagon ... A to F sub-sections. ... A, C, and E sub-sections. ... A, C, D, and F

... B, D, and F

On ton. 2 plankets.

WAGON, TELEPHONE, MARK I.

Near.

LIMBER.

Off.

bill hook.

l hammer,

Inside box-

telegraph, sledge.

Compartment D.

winding gear, No. 1982 wheel I

Bracket, pawl,

Catch, drum

spindle bear-

Bolts, link, chain,

Links, chain,

endless-

Cranked ... 2*

Ordinary ... 2*

Cordage, spun yarn,

hèmp— 1 thread lbs. 20

3 thread lbs. 5

Guards, hand,

tel. cq. ... 2
Wire, electric,
S. 11 ... yds. 40
Clip, strap, wind-

ing gear ... 1' Spanner, No. 184 1

Spring, catch, limber and

Strap, winding gear ... Tools, electri-

cian's (and ma-

terials for re-

pair) set ...

Compartment E.

perch hooks... 1*

Spring, seat ... 1*

endless

On platform board-

1 bar, supporting draught pole, No. 3; 1 pair ropes, drag, light, G.S.; 1 swingletree, No. 11; 2 buckets, water, canvas.

On front of box-

2 covers, short rifle.

Under footplate-

I felling axe; 1 jumper.

1 water brush 1 pick axe

Inside box-

Compartment A.

Cells, electric, inert, 12 Do. spare, 12 Galvanometer

detector, Q. and I. Telephone sets, portable, D II, 6

Compartment B.

1 Solution, rubber, 6 tubes; pipe, hose, rubber, 1-in., feet, 6.

2 Tape, rubber, 6 oz.; spindles, reel, cable No. 2,

3 Collar, adjusting, 2nd Cl., C, 1; pin, linch, 1; washer, drag, 1.

4 Pliers, side cutting, 10 pairs; guys, telegraph pole, 8.

Compartment C.

Apron, basil, 1; pins, earth, 9. 2 Hammer, claw, 1

spanner, adj., 1; cloth, emery, 4 sheets; blocks, brake, F. & T. 2; pickets, guy, 20.

1 spade under Α D В C 2 1 4

> † Divided into three compartments, Nos. 1, 2 & 3 from rear to front.

2 sticks, crook. 1 box grease, 3 lb., under. 1 bar, carrying drum (on top of box, strapped to back rest).

BODY.



Cable, electric, Cable, electric, D. 3-1 mile. D. 3-1 mile, on drum. on drum. 17 od, graph, Drum. Drum. tele Cable, electric,

ladder, field telegraph, under. * Packed in small wooden box provided locally.

D. 3-1 mile.

on drum,

Can, oil, lubricating

Cable, electric,

D. 3-1 mile

on drum.

(As to prices in brackets, see top of page 2.)

```
GUNS. Handbooks for. (And see GUNS. Drill for):-
      60-pr. B.L. Land Service. 1913. 1s. 6d. (1s. 3d.)
      18-pr. Q.F. Land Service. 1913. (Reprinted, with Amendments, 1914). 1s. (11d.)

15-pr. B.L. Marks II. to IV.. and Carriages, Marks II.* and IV., and Wagon, and Limber, Mark IV. Field Batteries. 1914. Provisional. 1s. (10d.)
15-pr. B.L.C. Marks I., II., II.*, and IV. with Mark I. Carriage, and Marks

            I., Ia, Ib, and Ic Limbers and Wagons. Land Service. 1912. 1s. (10d.)
      15-pr. Q.F. Land Service. 1914. 1s. 6d. (1s. 2d.)
13-pr. Q.F. Land Service. 1913. (Reprinted, with Amendments, 1914). 1s. 3d.
           (1s. 1d.)
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